The New-York Times.

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ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

More Stories of Lee's Great Strength.

Beauregard's Army Brought Up as a Reinforcement.

The Rebel Army Over 100,000 Strong.

Reappearance of the Rebels at Fredericksburgh.

The Town of Madison Court-House Burned.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE N. Y. TIMES.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, May 1.

A dispatch was received to-day by the Government, from Fortress Monroe, stating that the rear of BURNSIDE's army passed through Petersburgh yesterday morning.

His force is estimated at from 18,000 to 20,000 men. Nothing of special note has transpired at the front to-day. Pickets of both armies extend up and down the Rappahannock and Rapidan.

A considerable rebel force is reported to be at Fredericksburgh, at work throwing up more earthworks on the heights.

The rebels are also reported to be withdrawing from the vicinity of Madison Court-house, and concentrating in front of our left and centre.

One division of LONGSTREET's corps, according to deserters, is at Hanover Junction, in reserve.

On the same authority Lee's strength is stated to be upwards of 100,000 men.

ANOTHER DEPARTURE.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, May 1.

The information received from the Army of the Potomac, to-night, states that the troops which went to Madison Court House on Thursday, burned the town to ashes. It is not known whether this was done by orders or not.

Gen. BURNSIDE visited Gen. MEADE last night, and spent some hours in his quarters.

Deserters who came in yesterday report that Lee's army is 90,000 strong, with 22,000 effective cavalry, all in good condition, with ten days supplies distributed to them. The railroad trains were running night and day bringing up reinforcements.

The Situation of the Union and Rebel Armies in Virginia.

From the Boston Journal.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 28, 1864.

It is well known to the rebels that the old Army of the Potomac is concentrated near Culpepper; that SIGEL has a force at Yorktown; that BUTLER is moving somewhere—but if LEE can understand GRANT's intention, he is sharper sighted than any one in Washington. BURNSIDE's movement to Alexandria has upset all the calculations of the wise men, who would have it that he was going to North Carolina, or up the James, or up the Peninsula. Everybody thought last week that Urbanna, on the Rappahannock, was the place appointed for his landing. The advance of the fleet to that port gave color to the idea. The rebels thought that that was the route of BURNSIDE's advance. The Richmond papers published the fact and said his aim was Hanover Court-House. But all speculations, rebel or Union, as to where he is to go, or what he is to do, amount to nothing. The latest speculation is quite as probable as any: that he is to be the reserve. The Ninth Corps has had a hard time. It has just arrived from Knoxville, while the corps on the Rapidan have had no hardship since the advance to Mine Run six months ago. If any one corps is entitled to rest it is the Ninth, but when the order to advance is given, there will be little rest for any portion of the army.

Without doubt the rebel army is as large as it ever has been. The remorseless conscription has filled the ranks, but the new soldiers are boys and gray haired men. Lee has more men under him than he led into Pennsylvania, but his line is long—reaching from Petersburgh to Fredericksburgh, and from Fredericksburgh to the brow of the Blue Ridge—one hundred miles or more. The main portion of his army is on the Rapidan. EWELL, commanding FOREST's old division, which was built up in pleasant in the last attack at Gettysburgh, is at Hanover Junction to resist BURNSIDE, if he advances up the peninsula. The twenty thousand men which are menacing Newbern can be rallied at Petersburgh to resist an advance up the James and to hold the railroad to Weldon—the only connecting line to the South over which Lee received his ordnance stores, furnished by blockade runners at Wilmington. It will show an almost military strength and genius if he can hold a line so long—vulnerable as it is on both flankes well nigh. The general, Gen. BEAUREGARD I believe, has the power to turn either flank against the enemy. Sigel, with a considerable force at his disposal, is at Beverly, in West Virginia, three days' march from Harrisonburgh or Staunton, with no formidable force of rebels to oppose his march to that place. He would menace Lee's left flank, compel that General to change or extend his present line, and thus weaken his. Or, if not this, with BURNSIDE in reserve, as a movable column, his centre can be pierced by a sudden strike across the Rappahannock, near the bloody field of Chancellorsville. Or SIGEL, with his transports, can choose in a night to strike up the Rappahannock or down to the York, or up the James, landing on the north or south side. It is not probable that Gen. LEE will attempt to hold all these points, but that he will fall back as GRANT advances, and concentrate his troops on the James, in the vicinity of Richmond, where he will have his supplies at hand; whereas GRANT by such a manoeuvre will be obliged to change his base. But if this should happen, a second siege of Richmond will not be like the first. Then LEE had the East Virginia Reserves and all the fertile Shenandoah and all the rich upland counties north of the James for foraging ground; but if he falls back to Richmond, his foraging country will be confined to the country south of the James. Can he support his cavalry and artillery deprived of that territory? Doubtful.

There are some indications that LEE intends to make a desperate resistance in his present position, hoping to repulse GRANT in any flank movement. I think that GRANT would like to have him decide upon adhering that policy. Some of the heavy guns which have been in position in the rebel works in front of Culpepper have disappeared—troops have been seen moving eastward; but on the other hand new camps are to be seen from day to day. We shall know before many days what is intended on both sides.

The Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Sunday, May 1.

In the Massachusetts Senate yesterday the Committee on Federal Relations reported a series of resolves in relation to National Affairs, favoring the prosecution of the war and pledging the resources of the State in its support; recommending an amendment to the Constitution abolishing Slavery, and declaring that the President had discharged the duties of his office with fidelity, sagacity and courage, and that his Administration deserves the confidence of the people.

Arrival of the Damascus.

PORTLAND, Sunday, May 1.

The Damascus, Capt. Brown, arrived up Saturday evening, with 275 passengers. The papers go through by the night Boston boat and will reach New-York Monday night. The mails will arrive at New-York Tuesday morning.

DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF.

Arrival of the Tennessee, the Columbia and the Morningstar—A Battle Reported to be Imminent on the Red River—Ten Hundred Capture of Shreveport by Gen. Steele Reported.

The Yazoo, from New-Orleans, April 21, the Columbia, from the same port, April 23, via Havana, and the Morningstar, from New-Orleans direct, April 24, arrived at this port yesterday afternoon.

The reports previously received via Cairo, of skirmishing at Grand Ecore, and the probable imminence of a battle, are repeated by these arrivals, as are the rumors regarding the occupation of Shreveport by Gen. STEELE, who is said to be intrenching himself at that place.

Seven hundred contrabands had been brought to New-Orleans from the Red River.

There was there and a half feet of water on Red River Falls, and six and a half feet from Alexandria down.

A call appears in the New-Orleans papers for a meeting to take measures for calling a State Convention to send delegates to the National Union Convention.

The steamer *John J. Roe*, at New-Orleans from St Louis, reported having taken wood on the 19th, at the mouth of St. Francis River, with which the furnaces were filled, when a number of the sticks exploded, without doing any damage except to burn the furnaces slightly.

On the 23d, when at Fort Adams, a man was seen in a perilous condition on a log in the river. The second mate, with a boat's crew, went to his assistance, when guerillas opened a battery on the steamer, firing ten shots. Though not damaged, she had to run away. The boat's crew, when last seen, were making for the opposite shore from the fort, and it is supposed that they escaped.

Gen. STONE and others of the Staff of Gen. BANKS had arrived at Alexandria en route to New-Orleans.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Friday, April 29.

Private JACOB MORGAN, of the Eighth Connecticut Regiment, was shot for desertion in Norfolk yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. LAWRENCE, of Norfolk, was injured by a restive horse last evening at Old Point, and died in a few hours from her injuries.

The schooner *James Fallenbury*, which ran into the steamer *New-York*, on the night of the 17th inst., arrived here last evening with her head rigging all carried away.

The French vessels which went to City Point recently to bring away tobacco from Richmond, have all returned, light, to Hampton Roads.

The steamer *New-York*, with sick rebel prisoners, has sailed for City Point in charge of Major MUTZEN.

The Pay of the Pennsylvania Militia.

HARRISBURGH, Sunday, May 1.

The Governor, yesterday, communicated to the Legislature the fact that Congress, as yet, had made no provision for the payment of money advanced by the banks for the pay of troops called out for the emergency of 1863. The message was a very full one, and gave copies of letters of the President and Secretary of War, in which the Governor was assured that the money would be refunded upon the meeting of Congress, and upon the faith of which he made the loan and became responsible for its payment.

A bill was at once introduced into the House, directing the Governor to reimburse the lenders to the amount of $700,000 from the State Treasury, which was passed, and concurred in by the Senate immediately, and, having received the signature of the Governor, is now a law.

From California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Saturday, April 30.

Arrived, the steamer *John S. Stevens*, from Manzanillo, with $130,513 in treasure; 40 bales of Mexican cotton, and 640 packages of silver.

The markets are unsettled, owing to uncertainties as to changes in the tariff and excise laws. Best mining stocks have depreciated 5 per cent., owing to the propositions to tax mines. Great feeling is manifested on the subject. Nothing has been heard from the interior yet.

The receipts at the Custom House for the month of April, amount to $1,214,506.

The steamer *Constitution*, from Panama, is just coming into the harbor.

Extensive Fire in New-Haven.

NEW-HAVEN, Conn., Sunday May 1.

The largest fire that we have had for thirty years, took place last night. The Belcher Factory of TRAIN & DAVIS, the Carriage Factories of HALL & Co., J. F. GEORGION, and BURNS & Co., the Silver-plating Shop of D. G. GALLAGHER, the Davenport Mission Chapel, two private residences, and a brick barn were destroyed. One man, whose name could not be ascertained, perished in the flames. A horse was burned. The loss has by the fire was from $80,000 to $90,000, the insurance on which is about $35,000.

The Quota of Missouri Full.

ST. LOUIS, Saturday, April 30.

Congressman HALL telegraphs from Washington that the credits of enrolled militia, reinlisted veterans and colored troops reduce the quota of Missouri to 520. The negroes enlisted since the 1st of April more than cover this, freeing Missouri from the draft.

Cattle Market.

ALBANY, Saturday, April 30.

Cattle market dull and heavy. The demand for the East being light, and less than the usual number of New-York buyers being present, prices ranged from 6¾c. to 9¼c., with a downward tendency at the close. Receipts, 4,400. Sheep in large supply, and prices ½c.@1c. lower; sales 3,500, at 7c. for sheared to 9c.@10c. for good to extra heavy wooled. Receipts, 9,400. Hogs in light request, at a decline of ¼c.@½c. ℔., with small sales at 6¾c.@8¾c. for stillers and corafed. Receipts, 12,950.

Markets.

CHICAGO, Saturday, April 30.

FLOUR dull. WHEAT dull and declined ½c.@1c., at $1 20 for No. 1; $1 23¼@$1 24 for No. 2. CORN dull at 80c.@81. OATS dull and declined ½c.@1c., at 66½c.@67c. HOGS WINES $1 15@$1 16. FREIGHTS nominal. *Receipts*—18,250 bbls. Flour, 20,000 bush. Wheat; 36,000 bush. Corn; 21,000 bush. Oats. *Shipments*—4,600 bbls. Flour; no Wheat; 41,000 bush. Corn; 12,000 bush. Oats.

BUFFALO, Saturday, April 30.

FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT dull and nominal at $1 40 for No. 1 Chicago and Milwaukee Spring; $1 50 for Winter Red Western; $1 55@$1 58 for Winter Amber. CORN dull; offered to arrive at $1 12 without bids. OATS nominal at 70c.@70c. Other Grains scarce and nominal. WHISKY dull at $1 12@$1 17. *Receipts*—10,676 bbls. Flour; 14,000 bush. Wheat; 26,867 bush. Corn. *Canal Exports*—36,100 bushels Wheat; no Flour or other grain.

CINCINNATI, Saturday, April 30.

FLOUR very dull at $6 45@$6 50. WHISKY firmer at $1 18. MESS PORK advanced 50c., at $25 50. LARD quiet at 13½c.

ANOTHER NEW FERRY-BOAT.—Last week the Hoboken Ferry Company laid the keel of a new ferry-boat, which is designed to be superior, in size and accommodation, to anything of the kind in the Bay of New-York. She will be twenty feet longer than the new boat Hoboken, with additional breadth of beam, and such other improvements as are requisite to make her a fleet and commodious craft. This boat is to be completed next Fall.

A CHILD CHOKED TO DEATH.—Coroner FARRELL, of Jersey-City, held an inquest on Saturday, on the body of a child about three years of age, named ANNAMARIA BURKETT, whose parents reside in Montgomery-street. The death of the child was caused by a piece of meat lodging in his throat, and a verdict of accidental death was rendered.

THE WAR IN ARKANSAS.

Victorious Advance of Gens. Steele and Thayer.

Desperate Race Between the Union and Rebel Forces.

Gen. Steele Ahead and Camden Occupied.

The Rebel Price Completely Out-Generaled.

Strong Defensive Character of the Position.

ST. LOUIS, Saturday, April 30.

Advices from Camden, Arkansas, say that Gen. STEELE's army is there.

Gen. THAYER joined Gen. STEELE at BIRD's Ferry, on the Little Missouri River, where the rebels were driven from a line of breastworks commanding the river bottom.

The enemy next stood at Prairie de Anne, which was fortified with a line of rifle-pits and emplacements for guns on barbette a mile and a half long. Gen. STEELE flanked their position and Gen. PRICE skedaddled, after a brisk fight, towards Washington.

Other skirmishes occurred during the march, but our total loss was less than 200.

PRICE supposed Gen. STEELE was going to Shreveport, via Washington, and moved his command from Camden to Washington, after the fight at Prairie de Anne.

Gen. STEELE pursued the rebels toward Washington, and then suddenly turned and pushed for Camden. PRICE discovered his mistake, and started for Camden also. A desperate race ensued, and, although heavy skirmishing occurred all the way, MARMADUKE being in front, and DOCKERY in the rear, with cavalry and artillery, STEELE came out victor, and entered the enemy's fortifications unopposed.

Camden is strongly fortified with nine forts. All its approaches are well guarded, and it can be held against a largely superior force.

A large rebel transport was captured thirty miles below Camden.

It is understood that reinforcements and supplies are going overland from Little Rock to Gen. STEELE, he not being able to draw either from Gen. BANKS.

Gen. STEELE's force is fully 20,000 strong, and can whip KIRBY SMITH should he attack him. No fears need be entertained of his safety.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE N. Y. TIMES.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, May 1.

REPORTED SUPERSEDURE OF GEN. BANKS.

Rumors prevail to-night that Gen. BANKS has been superceded by Gen. AUGUR.

THE MEXICAN BLOCKADE.

The French Legation here has received information that Port Tobasco, Mexico, has been blockaded.

GEN. MARTINDALE TO TAKE THE FIELD.

Gen. MARTINDALE Military Governor of Washington, has been ordered to the field, and assigned to the command of a division in Gen. BUTLER's Department. The office of Military Governor will probably be abolished.

PAYMASTERS IN FUNDS.

Paymasters are rejoicing in the prospect that money to pay off the whole army up to to-day, will be ready this week.

GEN. SEYMOUR'S DEFENCE.

Gen. SEYMOUR, in a letter to a friend, seeks to relieve himself of the disgrace incurred by our arms at Olustee, by saying he only obeyed orders in going there.

THE NEW-YORK CUSTOM HOUSE INVESTIGATION.

Facts in possession of the Congressional Committee appointed to investigate the affairs of the New-York Custom House show that an enormous and still active trade with the rebels is extensively carried on between that City and rebeldom. The committee received notice a short time since from Montreal that a rebel agent was in New-York purchasing material and machinery for an iron-clad ram. Notwithstanding oft repeated expressions of disgust for Northern mechanics and greasy Yankees made by our Southern brethren, it is well ascertained that a large number of machinists have lately yielded to persuasions of Southern agents in New-England, and consented to sell their services to the rebellion. Yet, no arrests have been made. The Committee complain that Government officials in New-York have not enough backbone.

SICK FROM THE ARMY.

Fourteen hundred sick came up from the Army of the Potomac last night. Accommodations in the hospitals here are now equal to 25,000 beds, and will be increased to 30,000.

MOVEMENTS OF MR. CHASE.

Secretary CHASE returned from Philadelphia last evening. The statement telegrapher from here to a Boston paper that there had been some correspondence between Mr. CHASE and Mr. LINCOLN, during the visit of the former to Philadelphia, on the subject of a proposed resignation in consequence of FRANK BLAIR's appointment, is unfounded.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, May 1.

SECRETARY CHASE'S MOVEMENTS.

Secretary CHASE has returned to Washington from his brief visit to Philadelphia.

THE RECONSTRUCTION QUESTION.

It is probable that a vote will be taken in the House on Wednesday on the bill to provide Republican Governments for those of States overturn-own or usurped by the rebellion. A number of prepared speeches are yet to be delivered upon that subject.

THE MEXICAN QUESTION.

The joint resolution which unanimously passed the House of Representatives about a month ago, protesting against the French occupation of Mexico and the establishment of Monarchial institutions on this Continent, still sleeps in the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, which it is permitted to do for reasons of state policy.

THE ARMY APPROPRIATION.

The army appropriation bill appropriates $2,715,000 for medicines, instruments, and dressings.

DESIRES OF LOYAL TENNESSEANS.

JAS. H. ROSS, Editor of the Chattanooga Gazette, in Washington as the representative of the loyal citizens of Lower East Tennessee, to urge upon the Government modifications of the order discontinuing the issue or sale of rations to citizens at points south of Nashville, Tenn. The loyal people protest against the policy of sending them to the rear as a most ungrateful return for their many sacrifices for the Government during the war.

If the people were paid for the provisions which they gladly tendered to our soldiers upon their advent into that portion of the country, they would be able to purchase food at home, or remove to the rear with the dignity of free citizens, instead of being subjected to the humiliation of begging from the Government, when in fact that Government is their debtor. It is intimated that Mr. ROSS considers the construction of the proposed railroad from Kentucky to Knoxville as a measure which will only enrich a few individuals, and that its benefit to the people generally will necessarily be deferred until they have secured supplies from other sources; and hence he argues the payment of the loyal pauper for their individual losses in preference to appropriations for this road.

The Pay of Colored Troops.

The Army Appropriation Bill, which passed the House on Saturday, contained the following provision for the pay of colored troops, which was inserted as an amendment in the Senate, and concurred in by the House.

All persons of color who have been or may be mustered into the military service of the United States shall receive the same uniform, clothing, arms, equipments, camp equipage, rations, medical and hospital attendance, pay and emoluments, other than bounty, as other soldiers in the regular or volunteer forces of the United States, of the like arm of the service, from and after the 1st of January, 1864; and that every person of color who shall hereafter be mustered into the service shall receive the same amount of bounty as the President shall order in the different States or parts of States, not exceeding one hundred dollars.

Any colored person enlisted and mustered into the service as a volunteer under the call of October 7, 1863, for 300,000 men, who was at the time of enlistment enrolled and subject to draft in the State in which he volunteered, shall receive from the United States the same amount of bounty as was paid while soldiers under said call, not exceeding in any case one hundred dollars.

All free persons of color who have been or may be mustered into the military service shall, from the date of their enlistment, receive the same uniform, clothing, arms, equipments, camp equipage, rations, medical and hospital attendance, pay, emoluments and bounty, as others of the regular or volunteer forces of the like arm of service, and all enlistments in the regular army may be for the term of three years.

Another Naval Hero Gone.

DEATH OF COMMODORE W. D. POSTER.

Commodore W. D. POSTER, the eldest son of old Commodore DAVID POSTER, and the elder brother of Admiral DAVID D. POSTER, Red River, died yesterday morning at St. Luke's Hospital, of disease of the heart.

The heart was very much hypertrophied, weighing 24 ounces. The liver had undergone the degeneration, producing the condition known as nutmeg liver, the kidneys also showed commencing organic disease. Two years ago Commodore POSTER was severely scalded by an explosion on the *Essex*, and dated the commencement of his breaking down to that event. While in the discharge of his duty he passed through four attacks of yellow fever, one of which was so severe that his coffin was made in certain anticipation of his death. During the last three months of his life he suffered from great prostration of strength with occasional attacks of *angina pectoris*. He grew steadily weaker and died calmly and in full possession of his intellect at 6 A. M., Sunday, May 1.

He entered the hospital three weeks ago, and since that time has had the best possible medical care. CHARLES W. PACKARD, the Resident Physician at the hospital, who attended him through his sickness, says he had the strongest constitution of any man he ever met, and that he passed through several attacks of *angina pectoris*, any one of which would have killed any ordinary man. Yet, through all, he was very patient, never complaining, no matter how severe the pain he suffered, and seeming only anxious to know how soon he would again be able to take command of the brave men he had so often led to victory. A few moments before his death, while suffering from one of these attacks, and the one in which he died, he said, "Doctor, do you think you can get me off?" "I hope so, Commodore," answered the Doctor, at the same time taking his hand, and while holding it he died, so calmly and so easily, that even the Doctor did not know the precise moment of his death.

Commodore POSTER was a Louisianian by birth. He entered the navy in 1812 as a boy on board the United States ship *Franklin*, under command of Commodore SAWYER, and received an excellent naval education under Commodores HULL, CASSIDY, PATTERSON and ROGERS. He projected and was the founder of the present light-house system; was through the whole Mexican war, where he did noble service; in 1855 was placed on a retired list by a Secret Navy Board; four years after he was restored to his rank as Commander by President BUCHANAN; was then appointed to the command of the United States ship *St. Marys*, and did important service on the Pacific coast. On the outbreak of the rebellion he was ordered home from the Pacific; and though he had property in Virginia, and many of his family were in the rebel cause, still he proved faithful to the Government, and laying aside all personal considerations, tendered his aid in putting down the rebellion, and was assigned to a boat then being built widely under his superintendence. He christened it after his father's ship, the *Essex*. At the battle of Fort Henry, he ran up within 130 yards of the fort, and fought with courage and effect until scalded by the steam issuing from the boiler, the thick plates of which had been penetrated by a ball. He said he went into the fight with high colors, and, though disabled, the Stars and Stripes still waved as he floated back. He also commanded the *Essex* at the attack on Fort Donelson, and fought his way in the same boat past all the batteries from Cairo to New-Orleans. He destroyed the ram *Arkansas* last in 1862, above Baton Rouge. After this event he was promoted from Captain to Commodore—being the third instance in our naval history in which promotion from Commander to Commodore has taken place. After this he did little more active work in our service. He came to our City where he resided some length of time. He has been sick some two months.

It is probable that the Mayor and Common Council will take official action in regard to the death of Commodore POSTER, and that a public funeral will be ordered. The body, we believe, will be taken to Philadelphia for interment, where the remains of the gallant father of the deceased are buried.

Probable Homicide in Thirteenth-street.

A NOTORIOUS CHARACTER SHOT IN THE LEFT BREAST.

Between 6 and 7 o'clock last evening a serious shooting affray occurred near the corner of Avenue A and East Thirteenth-street, during which a notorious character, named JOHN BURNS *alias* "Piper Burns," was shot in the left breast with a pistol in the hands of Wm. BRENNEMAN. Both of these persons are in the police well-known characters, and to some extent they are men of influence in that portion of the City, on the east side, known as "Manorville." It seems that "Piper Burns" and BRENNEMAN had a falling out on account of the latter frequenting the liquor store of Owen TALLY, No. 191 Avenue A. Some two years ago Burns stabbed TALLY, and for this offence he is still under bail. BURNS and BRENNEMAN met yesterday afternoon near the saloon above named. BURNS was bantering BRENNEMAN, and did all he could to get him into a fight. BRENNEMAN refused to fight, and soon after BURNS struck him. They then clinched and for a few moments they fought desperately. BRENNEMAN at length warned BURNS to keep off or he would shoot him. BURNS thereupon immediately drew a pistol. When BRENNEMAN saw the movement he drew a pistol from his pocket and fired. The shot took effect in the left breast, inflicting a wound so serious that he is not expected to recover. BRENNEMAN at once gave himself up to Officer FARRELL of the Seventeenth Precinct. The wounded man was taken to Bellevue Hospital by Officer SHANNON.

Beef.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

As you did such good execution against the butter and stage monopolies, will you not please turn your attention to the meat speculators? They have managed to raise the price of cattle higher than was ever known before, and appear determined to push the prices still higher.

I think the citizens of New-York are not true to themselves if they suffer the monopoly to exist any longer. There are plenty of persons that it does not make any difference to them whether the prices of meat is 10 or 40 cents per pound, but let such consider for a moment how many families are compelled to forego the use of meat on account of the high prices. Let all your readers for one week discontinue the use of meat, and the speculators will be brought to grief. The curse of the inhabitants of New-York are the middle men, who live on the necessities of the people.

The citizens of New-York have done nobly for the sick and disabled soldiers; now let us use and all abstain from the use of meat for ten days or two weeks, and thereby confer a blessing on the families of our brave soldiers, and the poor in our midst, by enabling them to buy meat at reasonable prices instead of having to pay 25 or 30 cents per pound, as at present. F.

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Advices to April 17 by the Europa at Halifax.

The Pirate Florida in a Spanish Port.

The Alexandra to be Given Up to Her Owners.

The Iron-Clad Rams Alleged to Have Been Ordered by the Pasha of Egypt.

Departure of the Emperor and Empress of Mexico.

The Swiss Council Enforces the Decree of Expulsion Against Mazzini.

The Conference to Assemble in London April 20.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL.

HALIFAX, Saturday, April 30.

The steamship *Europa*, Capt. HOCKEN, from Liverpool at 2 o'clock on the afternoon of the 18th, via Queenstown on the 17th instant, arrived at this port at 3 o'clock this (Saturday) morning. Her dates are three days later than those already received.

The *Europa* had a rough passage. She passed on the 11th the steamship *City of Washington*, and on the 25th the *Persia*, bound east.

The *Europa* has 80 passengers for Halifax, and 65 for Boston.

The steamship *Edinburgh*, from New-York, reached Liverpool on the evening of the 15th instant, and would sail again for New-York on Monday, the 18th, instead of the 16th instant.

The steamship *Olympus*, from New-York, arrived at Queenstown at 5 o'clock on the morning of the 15th, and Liverpool on the morning of the 16th instant.

The steamship *America*, from Portland, arrived off Londonderry at 3 o'clock on the morning of the 15th, and at Liverpool on the morning of the 16th instant.

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE BUDGET.

In the House of Commons, on the 14th instant, Col. BARTELOT moved an amendment to Mr. GLADSTONE's budget, that a part of the surplus money be applied to the relief of the malt tax instead of the sugar duty. He disclaimed any party object, but after debate, in which some of the leading Conservatives supported the amendment, it was lost by 216 majority, and the House agreed to Mr. GLADSTONE's propositions.

The London *Morning Herald* says that the game was altogether in the hands of the Conservatives. They were safe for a majority had they chosen so; but, upon the highest grounds of political faith and disinterested statesmanship Mr. D'ISRAELI and his adherents forbore, and the Ministers were rescued.

Parliamentary proceedings on the 15th instant, were unimportant.

THE NEW LORD OF THE ADMIRALTY.

Mr. CHILDERS is the New Lord of the Admiralty vice SEAHOUSE, resigned.

A RESIGNATION.

It is rumored that Mr. LOWE, Vice-President of the Council of Education, has tendered his resignation in consequence of the late vote against him in the House of Commons.

THE QUEEN'S HEALTH.

Queen Victoria was unable to hold her projected State reception, on the 16th, owing to an acute attack of neuralgia.

GARIBALDI'S MOVEMENTS.

GARIBALDI continued to receive the greatest attention in London, and the popular enthusiasm in his favor was unabated. His visit to the Italian opera, was a perfect ovation, both inside and outside the theatre.

It was remarked that at the Duchess of Sutherland's brilliant assembly in honor of GARIBALDI, that the Diplomatic Body were conspicuous only by their absence, the United States and Turkish Ministers alone being present.

GARIBALDI was to dine with Lord PALMERSTON on the 16th, and with the Reform Club on the 21st inst.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

SALE OF THE GREAT EASTERN.

It was rumored that negotiations were going on for the sale of the steamship *Great Eastern* to the French Government.

MOVEMENTS OF THE FLORIDA.

AT Antwerp dispatch, of the 13th instant, says that the rebel steamer *Florida*, recently from Brest, put into Bermuda, where she was well received by the English authorities. She sailed from Bermuda and arrived at a port in Portugal, where she was refused coal and obliged to leave immediately. According to last accounts, she was in a Spanish port.

THE LAIRD RAMS.

The Alexandria correspondent of the London *Times* affirms that it is quite certain that the late Viceroy of Egypt did give Mr. LAIRD the order for the construction of the notorious Mersey steam rams.

THE ALEXANDRA CASE.

The London *Shipping Gazette* says that the officers of the customs at Liverpool still retain possession of the gunboat *Alexandra*, but it is stated that her owners have been notified that the Crown is ready to deliver her up on the usual application being made.

FRANCE.

LORD CLARENDON'S VISIT.

The Emperor NAPOLEON received Lord CLARENDON on the 14th, and afterwards Lord CLARENDON had an interview with M. DROUYN DE L'HUYS.

Paris rumors assert that Lord CLARENDON will certainly succeed in establishing much more cordial relations between England and France.

Lord CLARENDON would remain in Paris until the 18th instant.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* says: "The real object of Lord CLARENDON's visit is to smooth the way by personal communication with the Emperor for a complete agreement between him and the English Government on points to be discussed in the approaching conference.

The Bourse was weaker on the 15th, and the Rentes closed at 69f. 50c.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

DEPARTURE OF MAXIMILIAN.

The Emperor and Empress of Mexico quitted Miramar on the afternoon of the 14th inst., amid enthusiastic cheers and salutes from the batteries.

They were expected at Rome on the 19th, and would set out for Mexico on the following day.

MAXIMILIAN'S FAMILY AFFAIRS.

The family agreement between the Emperor of Austria and MAXIMILIAN has been communicated to the American Ministers.

The renunciation of MAXIMILIAN for himself and heirs of the right of succession to the Austrian throne, is said to be unconditional, and not dependent on the stability of the Mexican Government.

THE MEXICAN LOAN.

The introduction of the Mexican loan has been postponed until April 18. It was for 7,500,000 francs nominal, of which 2,400,000 was to be paid in way of bounty to the French Government.

THE DANISH WAR.

The siege of Duppel was steadily prosecuted. The Prussians had commenced their trenches with a new parallel and without loss. Cannonading was going on night and day.

The Danes abandoned the blockade of Fredericia and Fiiles from the 15th inst.

Danish ships were reported to be mining entrances at the mouth of the Elbe.

The Federal Diet had, by a large majority, jointly resolved to send a representative to the Conference, and Baron von Beust was almost unanimously chosen.

Count APPONYI, the Austrian Ambassador at London, is Austria's first representative, and Baron RAVENEY has started. Count WRANGEL, the Swedish Ambassador at London, will represent Sweden. Russia and Oldenburg will represent England.

The Morning Post says that a preliminary meeting of the Representatives will take place on the 20th of April, at the official residence of the Premier.

SWITZERLAND.

The Swiss Federal Council has resolved to put in force the decree for the expulsion of MAZZINI, on the ground that he had several times lately abused the right of hospitality. Orders to this effect had been sent to the different cantons.

BRAZIL.

RIO, Thursday, March 26.

Exchange 27½@27¾. Coffee—good Rests, 7,000@7,400; stock, 60,000 bags.

BAHIA, Saturday, March 26.

Sugar, 5,000 cases.

PERNAMBUCO, Sunday, March 27.

Sugar—White, 2,000@4,000.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, April 16.

COTTON.—The Broker's Circular report the sales of cotton for the week at 65,000 bales, including 17,000 to speculators and 2,000 to exporters. The market has been dull and prices are 1-32@¼d. higher for American and fair. Other kinds for Egyptian, while in Surats there has been only a slight improvement. The market closing quiet. The sales of Friday were 7,000 bales, including 2,000 to speculators and exporters, the market closing quiet. The receipts were 2,000 bales, including 2,000 American. Middling Orleans 27¼d. Middling Mobiles 28¼d. Middling Uplands 28¼d. The stock in port is estimated at 800,000 bales, of which 400,000 are American.

BREAD AND TRADE.—The Manchester market is quiet but firm.

GRAIN.—Cargoes are very dull. Sales from Gerard, Co. and BELLAMY, ABBOTT & Co. report: Flour dull and nominal. Wheat very dull and slightly lower; red western 7s. 6d.@8s. 6d.; Red Southern 8s. 6d.@9s. Corn quiet; Mixed 40s.

PROVISIONS.—WILKINSON, NIXON & Co., and BRIGHT, ADAMS & Co. report: Beef nearly dull, Pork dull and unchanged. Bacon heavy. Butter heavy, and 2s. 6d. lower. Lard inactive, and easier. Tallow dull, and 6d. lower.

PRODUCE.—The Brokers' Circular reports: Ashes easier; sales at 32s. 6d. for both Pots and Pearls. Sugar irregular, opening at an advance of 1s. 6d., which was partially lost. Coffee; no sales. Rice firm. Linseed quiet, at a decline of 1s. Linseed Oil still advancing; sales at 40s. 6d. Cod Oil firm at £38. Rosin; sales small. Spirits Turpentine inactive; sales of French at 50s.

BEEF, BACON & GRAIN.—Gerard report: Provisions buoyant; sales of Grain at 2s@2s. 6d. lower, and pressed at 1s. 11d.@2s. ℔ gallon.

LONDON MARKETS.

BARNEY's Circular reports: Bullion very quiet and steady; fine gold, 57@57½s. for Bars and Bars; Fig 60s. 6d. Sugar firm, and holders demand an advance. Coffee heavy, and 6d.@2s. lower, for Ceylon. Tea steady. Rice quiet and steady. Tallow still declining; sales at 40s. 6d. Petroleum firmer. Linseed still advancing.

GRAIN & TEA report Provisions steady; Rice tending upward; Lard steady.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.—Barney reports only small sales and prices nominal. Erie shares 66¾@66¾; Illinois Central shares 14¼@12¼ discount.

Consols closed on Friday at 91¾@91¾ for money. The bullion in the bank has decreased £600,000.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Funds on the 15th dull. Consols declined ¼ still securities downward. Discount market tight and demand at bank heavy, owing to unfavorable bullion returns and apprehension of a rise in bank rates.

The Latest Markets via Queenstown.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, April 16—P. M.

The Bank of England to-day raised its rate of discount to 7 ℔ cent. This has depressed the markets generally.

COTTON—Sales to-day, 8,000 bales, including 2,000 to speculators and exporters. Market quiet and unchanged.

BREADSTUFFS quiet and easier, but quotations unchanged.

PROVISIONS dull and unchanged.

Produce quiet and tending downward.

LONDON, Saturday, April 16—P. M.

Consols for money, 91¾@91¾.

Erie Shares 67@68.

Illinois Central Shares, 15@12 discount.

The London Produce market is unchanged.

HAVRE MARKET.

HAVRE, Thursday, April 14.

Cotton steady and unchanged. Sales of the week 11,000 bales; New-Orleans free ordinary, 80f.; dates, 94f. Stock, 98,000 bales.

LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, April 16—P. M.

The Bank of England, to-day, raised the rate of discount to 7 per cent. The markets are depressed in consequence thereof.

PARIS, Saturday, April 16.

Bourse firm.

LONDON, Sunday Morning, April 17.

VIA QUEENSTOWN.

Consols, after official hours yesterday, 91¾@91¾. Market Armer all around, although some improvement may be felt in mercantile circles. The advance in bank rates, that seems to operate against will, probably be arrested, and a check given to the mania for speculation. The discount houses will allow 6 per cent for money upon demand on bills within seven days' notice, and 7 per cent. with fourteen days' notice. The rates for discount in open market were 7@6 per cent. Consols, 91¾@91¾.

PARIS BOURSE—Rentes opened at 69 fr. 60c.

GREAT BRITAIN.

A cabinet council was held yesterday after noon.

JAMES CONSTABLE was hung in front of the Kilmainham jail yesterday morning, for the murder of MARY WARDE.

THE DANISH WAR.

LONDON, Sunday afternoon.

The Observer says that the Continental Powers neither put an end to the Dano-German war, alienation, or its influence will extend far beyond its present limit.

The Observer also says that it is generally believed that Lord CLARENDON has succeeded in establishing a complete understanding between Great Britain and France, to which Russia will probably assent.

FESTIVITIES OVER MARSHAL NIEL.

Gen. GARIBALDI had a magnificent reception at the Crystal Palace yesterday. From 8,000 to 9,000 persons were present, including a large number of the aristocracy, and members of both Houses of Parliament, and of the legal, scientific and literary professions. The Marquis of CLANRICARDE presided. The Marquis of Ely was presented to GARIBALDI, bearing the order of "Rome and Venice." The Duke of Sutherland, the representative of the Italian nobility, came with an address and statement, which, after being read, was given with the Italian Ministers and diplomatic corps, and the Duke of Sutherland, the Marquis of Ely, and others, dined with GARIBALDI. The Italian national hymn was played, and the guests rose and drank the health of the Queen of Italy. The Duke of Sutherland, the Marquis of Ely, and others, then drank the health of GARIBALDI, hoping that the union of Italians of London and the country, GARIBALDI in expressing the hope that, Italian, the Italian national hymn, and the Italian national anthem, I will never abandon it in the cause of freedom, and will draw it only in support of oppressed nationalities. I hope you to carry it with me to Rome and Venice." The proceedings were marked by a great display of enthusiasm.

FRANCE AND MEXICO.

PARIS, Sunday, April 17.

The convention between France and Mexico is published. The French troops

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange.....Apr. 30, 1864.

$1,000 U. S. 6s 5-20s, R.	102	100 Mariposa M. Co.	34
$1,000 do. do. do.	102	100 do.	33¾
$1,000 do. do. do.	102	100 Gen. Gold M. Co.	12½c
$2,000 do. do. do.	102	100 Dalecarlia Min.	70
$1,000 U. S. 6s 10-40s, C.	103		
$1,000 do. do. do.	103		
$1,000 do. do. do.	103		
$1,000 do. do. do

FOR SALE.

REAL ESTATE IN LOUISIANA.

[illegible] The unexhausted nature of the alluvial soil of Louisiana, with the present and long-to-be-continued high prices of cotton and sugar, present great inducements for the capitalist to invest in these Louisiana plantations. Meanwhile, the enhancing value of the real estate of the city where daily opportunities for profitable investment. Refer to Philip F. Rogers, Esq., Wm. C. Alexander, Esq., and Robert G. Cole, Esq., New-York.

AT NORTH NEW-YORK.

FOR SALE—Lots fronting Harlem River, Bridge to 138th-st., avenues and Harlem River Bridge to 138th-st., avenues and Third-ave., conveniently with lots in New-York proper, all [illegible] and ready for improvement; in every respect the most desirable property for permanent home ever offered for sale in these suburbs; high ground, beautifully situated on Passaic Stage-road, 15 miles from City, for sale. Also, near two-story cottage and lot, 50 feet front; price $1,200. W. R. SEYMOUR, No. 1171 Broadway.

A LARGE FINE RESIDENCE—ITALIAN villa, containing 30 rooms, 30 acres of land, finely drained, shaded, and grounds beautifully arranged; choice location, one hour from City Hall. Westchester County; for sale at a bargain. W. R. SEYMOUR, No. 1171 Broadway.

FOR SALE—PRICE $4,000—IN BROOKLYN, near Carroll Park, a beautiful new brick cottage, with solid walnut stairs, elegant gas fixtures, complete plumbing arrangements; all modern improvements. Address W. SPEARS, Jr., SILLIAMS, Architect, Box No. 5,000 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT TARRYTOWN, Depot, a Gothic cottage, well furnished or unfurnished; marble mantles, gas and fixtures; two acres; fruit, stable-room, outbuildings, &c.
ALLEN NEWMAN, No. 25 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—AT MERRICK, L. I., A FARM OF 28 acres, 20 miles from Brooklyn, one mile from South Bay; good house, with nine rooms; fair price, $3,000.
ALLEN NEWMAN, No. 25 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—A NICE COTTAGE, TEN ROOMS, large stable, 3 acres of land, situated on west bank of Lake Mohegan, 3 miles east of Peekskill; price $5,000. Apply to S. INGERSOLL, No. 64 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT ON Orange Mountain; house and stable both built of stone; price $35,000. Apply to T. B. MERRICK & SON, No. 49 William-st., New-York.

FOR SALE.—THREE LOTS SOUTHEAST COR. ner of 5th-av. and 29th-st., 75 feet on the avenue; ready for immediate improvement. Address P., Box No. 420 Post-office.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

WAVERLEY-PLACE, NEAR BROADWAY.

[illegible] AN ELEGANT FURNISHED SUITE OF ROOMS, on parlor floor, to let in a private house; where no other boarders are taken; suitable for a lady and gentleman, or a lady and gentleman with one or two young children. Price, without board, $60 per week. Board can be had if required. Address Box No. 1,941 Post-office.

GOOD PLAIN BOARD WANTED—IN A pleasant, healthy, country place, by a gentleman, wife, two children and nurse; location not to be more than an hour and a half from the City by railroad. Terms must be moderate. Address W., Box No. 102 Times Office.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SUITE OF ROOMS TO LET—With board, on second and third floors front, to gentleman and wife, or single gentleman. No. 35 West 32d-st., near Broadway. Convenient 1st of May. Family private; unexceptionable references required first-class house and location.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—THREE NEATLY furnished rooms, for gentlemen only, without board, in a private family, can be had at No. 302 West 20th-st.; large front and back room connecting; also, hall-room, front; all with spacious closets. Terms very moderate.

AT NOS. 174, 176 AND 178 ELDRIDGE-st., 6 blocks west of Broadway, a new house; pleasantly furnished rooms, with excellent board, from $3 to $10 per week; families (accordingly); breakfast, 6 to 9; dinner, 12to and 6.

TO RENT—WITHOUT BOARD, A FRONT PARlor on the first floor, very pleasantly located on 4th-av., near Union-square; suitable for a single gentleman or lady. Inquire of Dr. R. G. REYNOLDS, No. 111 4th-av., corner 13th-st.

AT NO. 176 EAST 34TH-ST., FRONT room to rent two gentlemen; free bath room to the one gentleman. Breakfast and tea. Dinner on Sunday. Location good.

THE FRONT ROOMS ON THE SECOND floor, and a small one on the third, can be had, with partial board, at No. 267 Ninth-st., a few doors from Broadway.

BOARDING.—PLEASANT FRONT ROOM, SUITable for a gentleman, or gentleman and wife. No. 34 West 20th-st.; dinner at six.

SUMMER RESORTS.

PAVILION HOTEL, ROCKAWAY, L. I.—The undersigned having leased this favorite hotel, it will be opened for the ensuing Summer on the 1st of June. Parties from town desirous to secure rooms, for cottages, either with or without board, will find Mr. Halbridge at the office of E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., from 12 to 2 P. M., on WEDNESDAYS.
D. M. HALBRIDGE & CO.

COZZENS' WEST POINT HOTEL.—THE undersigned will open the house for the reception of company on SATURDAY, 28th inst. They are now prepared to make arrangements with families for the season. Four cottages to let. Address COZZENS BROS., West Point, New-York.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.—OWEN G. WARREN, COUNSELlor-at-law in patent cases, with thirty years' experience, offers his services to inventors and patentees, at his new office, No. 40 Leight-st., north side of St. John's Park. Business can be transacted by correspondence with persons residing at a distance.

THE UNITED STATES MUSTERING AND Disbursing Office has been removed from No. 34 Walker-st. to No. 32 St. Mark's-place, on 4th-st.

HAGNER & SMITH, ATTORNEYS AND Counsellors-at-law, have removed their offices from No. 9 Court-st. to No. 9 Williamsburg-st., Brooklyn.

"THE PEN IS MIGHTIER THAN THE SWORD."
THE GOLD PEN—THE BEST OF ALL PENS.
HORTON'S GOLD PENS.
THE BEST PENS IN THE WORLD.

On receipt of any of the following sums in Cash, the subscriber will send by return mail, or otherwise, as directed, a Gold Pen or Pens, selecting the same according to description, viz.:

GOLD PENS WITHOUT CASES.

For 25 cents, the Magic Pen; for 50 cents, the Lucky Pen; for 75 cents, the Always-Ready Pen; for 75 cents, the Elegant Pen; and for $1, the Excelsior Pen. These Pens are not numbered, but correspond in size to Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 respectively.

THE SAME PENS IN SILVER-PLATED EXTENSION CASES, WITH PENCILS.

For 50 cents, the Magic Pen; for 75 cents, the Lucky Pen; for $1, the Always-Ready Pen; for $1 25, the Elegant Pen; and for $1 50, the Excelsior Pen.

Also, a Self-Polishing, Good-Writing Gold Pen, with Iridium Points, the best pen ever offered, any one of which will be cutlery a given time, and, if not, then it will be unsurpassed, and, therefore, not exchangeable.

MORTON'S WARRANTED PENS.

The name "A. Morton," "Number" and "Quality," are stamped on the following Pens; and the points are warranted for one quarter, against accident.

The numbers indicate size only; No. 1 being the smallest, No. 4 the largest, adapted for the pocket; No. 4 the smallest, and No. 10 the largest Mammoth Gold Pen, for the desk.

Long and medium Nibs of all sizes and qualities. Short Nibs of 3 numbers, 4, 6 and 8, and made only of first quality.

The Long and Short Nibs are fine pointed; the Medium Nibs are broad, coarse business points. The engravings are fac-similes of the size and style.

GOLD PENS WITHOUT CASES.

For $0 50 a No. 1 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 2 Pen, 2d quality.
For $1 a No. 2 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 3d quality.
For $1 50 a No. 3 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 3d quality.
For $2 a No. 4 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 3d quality.
For $2 50 a No. 5 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 2d quality.
For $3 a No. 6 Pen, 1st quality.

GOLD PENS, ALL FIRST QUALITY, IN SILVER-MOUNTED DESK-HOLDERS.

For $3 50 a No. 4 Pen; for $3 75 a No. 5 Pen; for $3 75 a No. 6 Pen; for $4 50 a No. 7 Pen.
For $4 a No. 4 Pen; for $5 a No. 5 Pen; and for $6 a No. 6 Pen.

The 1st Quality are warranted with the very best Iridium points, carefully selected, and none of this quality are sold with the slightest imperfection which skill and the closest scrutiny can detect.

The 2d Quality are superior to any Pens made by them previous to the year 1862.

The 3d Quality is intended to be equal in regard to Durability, Elasticity and Good Writing Qualities (the only term considered) any Gold Pens made elsewhere.

In regard to the Cheap Gold Pens, we have leave to offer them, previous to operating her Mammoth Manufactory, but could not have made as Good Writing and Durable Pens for the price, had the Gold been used in greater quantities.

Parties ordering must in all instances specify the "Name" or "No." "Number" and "Quality" of the Pens wanted, and in particular in describing the kind they prefer—whether stiff or limber, coarse or fine.

All communications must be made in registered letters sent to my care; and no pens will be sent unless money order (whether of the Post-Office or Express Company) or other security which will guarantee their safe delivery.

Parties sending Gold or Silver will be allowed the full equivalent for the day received.

TO CLUBS.—A discount of 10 per cent. will be allowed on orders of $12, of 15 per cent. on $20, and of 20 per cent. on $50, if sent to the address of the undersigned.

Address A. MORTON,
No. 204 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

TO LET.

[illegible] FOR A TERM OF YEARS—The large and commodious premises, Nos. 37 and 39 Nassau-st., Brooklyn, through to and embracing No. 38 Sands-st., formerly occupied by the Brooklyn Daily Eagle, with the adjacent lot, 25 feet wide by 45 deep, from top to bottom, and 25 feet wide on Sands-st., and 100 feet wide on New-st. This property can be advantageously used for a large store, warehouse, or printing-office, and is eligibly situated for a business office of any description. Also, the large Stock Exchange and Public Board, soon to be erected at Nos. 16, 18 and 20 Broad-st. For terms of lease, price per annum, &c., &c., apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FURNISHED COUNTRY HOUSE TO LET OR FOR SALE.—Two-story and-a-half frame dwelling, double piazza around two sides, thirteen rooms, cellar, garden, outbuildings, furnished; beautiful elevation on the west shore of the Hudson, 35 miles from City Hall; 1½ acres of land; shaded mount; large sixteen-foot cistern with pump and sink in kitchen, good drinking water; variety of fine fruit, good fencing and fuel. Price reasonable. Immediate possession. Apply to EUGENE FLONNERY, No. 320 Broadway.

TO LET—TO A SMALL FAMILY, A FURNISHed cottage in the country, 18 miles from New-York, on the East River; half a mile from depot; is one of the most desirable river places within 40 miles of the City. The cottage has parlor, dining-room, kitchen and four bedrooms; a stable, carriage-house, two horses, carriage, cart, harness, cow, boat, and a good garden with assorted fruit. Rent $600. These things it will have to keep the present gardener at $300 per year. Inquire at Fox, BUTLER, Manufacturers, Walker-st., New-York.

TO RENT—AT CORNWALL, ORANGE COUNTY, N. Y.—A beautiful country seat, the property of the estate of David Shade, directly on the river bank. House contains about 20 rooms, well furnished; grounds ample and stocked with every variety of fruit; outbuildings all complete. Apply to
WM. F. WARING,
Office Security Life Ins. Co., No. 31 Pine-st., or
L. MURRAY FERRIS, Jr., No. 62 South-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET IN THE City of Bridgeport, Conn.; the house is located on Golden Hill, is in perfect order, has water and gas throughout, and all the modern improvements, and is a first-class house in every respect; is furnished elegantly; will be rented for six months, or one or more years. For particulars inquire of L. W. WINCHESTER, No. 24 Broadway.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—A NEW two-story cottage, very pleasantly situated, in an inclosure of 40 acres, with two other dwellings, beautifully furnished, and walks and drives of a mile on the premises; sea water bathing, boating and fishing connected with the property. House has 16 large rooms; 10 minutes' walk from the depot; 1 hour from the City by New-Haven Railroad. Rent $1,000. Address K. Box No. 4,618 New-York P. O.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—THE LARGE MANsion, with 22 acres of ground, two outhouses and out-buildings, in Flushing, Queens Co., L. I. It is beautifully situated two miles from the North River; contains 30 rooms, and is well suited for an academy, boarding-house or public institution. Apply to C. JENKINS, East River Bank, No. 400 Broadway.

FOR RENT—AT SHREWSBURY, A FEW MINutes' walk from a depot of the Raritan and Delaware Bay Railroad, a house with 14 rooms, carriage-house, stables, garden and large lawn, with a variety of small fruits; the premises are beautifully located, and in good repair. Inquire of B. C. PARKER, near the depot. Rent $300.

TO LET—TWO NEW STORES AT WASHINGTON Heights, between 155th and 156th sts., suitable for shoe, dry goods, &c. The upper story is fitted up for a church or public hall. Rent of the whole, $800. Apply to Congress Sugar Refinery, No. 345 Washington-st.

TO LET, FURNISHED—WITH EVERY MODern convenience, for six months—A handsome large house in one of the best and safest city situations on Murray Hill, in 37th-st., near Madison-av. Apply to
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FURNISHED COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET AT LITTLE NECK, L. I.—2 st Manhasset, close by salt water; plenty fruit, shade, garden, good bathing. Apply to S. H. CUTTER, or HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st.

TO LET—A COTTAGE HOUSE, CONTAINING 14 rooms, bath-room, and pantry; situated on the west side of Gold Street, Hackensack. Lease $200. For question inquire of G. H. GORDON, No. 165 Maiden-lane, New-York.

HOUSE TO LET—TWENTY ROOMS—JUST repaired—rent $600. Also, apartments, six rooms, for $30 month, very desirable for a small genteel family. Apply on the premises, No. 317 West 36th-st., between 6th and 8th ave.

TO LET—THE ESTABLISHED BUSINESS stand, corner Greenwich-av. and Christopher-st. opposite Jefferson Market. A light and dry basement store, sixty feet deep. MEIGS D. BENJAMIN, No. 363 East 12th-st., or 241 Broadway.

TO LET FURNISHED—FOR SIX MONTHS or one year, a good house and four acres of land, with barn, garden, choice fruit, &c., beautifully situated, at Eastwood, North Amboy.
E. R. GILBERT,
No. 18 William-st.

THREE LOTS TO LET—NOS. 632, 634, 636 Washington-st., between Bedford and Valley sts. Inquire of DANIEL CONKLIN, next door, or of F. COPCUTT, No. 348 Washington-st.

BUILDINGS AND LOTS TO RENT—SUITable for manufacturing purposes, convenient to Hamilton-av. Ferry, Brooklyn. Inquire of G. KELSEY, office on Sedgwick-st., or at his residence, 19 Strong-place.

COTTAGE HOUSE TO LET—IN 86TH-ST., One door from 2d-av., either furnished or unfurnished. Rent $375 unfurnished, or $500 furnished. Apply at No. 147 86th-st., one door from 2d-av.

A FURNISHED COTTAGE TO RENT, IN A healthy and pleasant place, for a day, for the Summer or longer. Apply to Ticket Agent depot, or address Box No. 2 Hastings Post-office.

ROOM TO LET, WITH STEAM POWER, [illegible] story, No. 49 Duane-st. (room well lighted on three sides); power steady, with use of steam hoisting machine.
R. ROE, No. 31 Gold-st.

TO LET—ON LARGE STORE FRONTING ON 10th St. and 4th-ave., and three offices in the Cooper Union. Apply either at the office of the building or of WILSON G. HUNT, Esq., No. 36 Park-place.

TO LET—A LARGE BASEMENT, AT A LOW rent to a good tenant, suitable for a plumber or many other kinds of business. Apply to PETER COUTANT, No. 440 2d-av.

TO LET AT MANHASSET, L. I.—FOR the Summer, a first-class residence, furnished. Apply to JAMES A. ROOSEVELT, No. 34 Maiden-lane, from 12 to 1 o'clock, or on the premises, to D. T. KISSAM.

TO LET—AT RAVENSWOOD, L. I., TWO COMmodious houses fronting the river. Inquire of C. HOPKINS, No. 27 Fulton-st., N. Y., from 12 to 1, or at Ravenswood, after 5 P. M.

TO LET, BROADWAY, NO. 806 NEXT TO GRACE CHURCH.—The Concert Room in Dodworth Hall, for day or evening, for concerts, lectures, readings, &c. Apply to the janitor on the premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET—NO. 217 WEST 36TH-st.—Five or six rooms, with all conveniences for a small family; rent moderate. Apply on the whole house, No. 215; price $300.

TO LET—AT DARIEN, CONN., A GOOD HOUSE with one acre of land and convenient stable, one mile south of the railroad depot. Apply at No. 9 East 17th-st.

TO LET—THE SECOND FLOOR OF HOUSE No. 134 Atlantic-st., to a small family. Inquire on the premises, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED TO HIRE—A PLACE IN THE COUNtry, within 3 or 4 hours of town, for a month, for a gentleman's family of five persons; within one hours ride of New-York; terms must be moderate. Address E. Y., 47 PINE, No. 8 Beekman-st.

MACHINERY.

REYNOLDS' TURBINE

WATER WHEELS

TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 379 Broadway, N. Y.

NOYES' BUFFALO MILL FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT.
MILL STONES AND MILL MACHINERY.
TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.
of the most approved pattern, made entirely of iron.
PORTABLE FLOURING AND PLANTATION MILLS.
The Brooklyn City Mill was furnished entire from this established house. For information address
JOHN T. NOYE, Buffalo, N. Y.

REYNOLDS' TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.

Competent men are employed to measure, stream, make plans, and put in Turbine wheels and gearing.
TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 379 Broadway, N. Y.

MARINE BOILERS FOR SALE.—TWO Marine drop flue boilers, 11 feet wide and 26 feet long, in good condition; one marine return tubular, now 8 feet 8 inches wide and 13½ feet long, in good condition; two marine return tubulars, 10 feet wide and 11 feet long. Apply to C. W. COPELAND, No. 128 Broadway.

FOR SALE—TWO UPRIGHT TUBULAR BOILERS, nearly complete, 5 feet 6 inches in diameter, of about 60 horse power each, made in the best manner by THURSTON, BARDSLEY & CO., of Providence, and never used. Apply to MESSENGER & WRIGHT, No. 109 Chambers-st.

BOILERS FOR SALE—TWO BOILERS, 32x14 feet, with two flues, 36 inches diameter, and with drums, tubes, breeching, valves, &c.
JOHN STUART, No. 104 Broadway,
Between Day and Fulton-sts.

ENGINES FOR SALE.—AN UPRIGHT ENGINE of 20 horse power. Apply at MACHINE SHOP, No. 305 West 23d-st., between 6th and 7th-ave., or to JOHN STUART, No. 104 Broadway, between Day and Fulton-sts.

ENGINE FOR SALE.—AN UPRIGHT ENGINE of 20 horse power. Apply at machine shop, No. 305 West 23d-st., between 6th and 7th-ave., where it can be seen, or to JOHN STUART, No. 104 Broadway.

BOILER FOR SALE—UPRIGHT TUBULAR, 30 feet 10 inches high, 41 inches diameter. Apply to T. F. BULL, Pier No. 21 East River.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

BOURBON RYE WHEAT AND MALT WHISKEY.
JOHN F. BOYLE & CO.,
No. 44 Broadway,
Agents for several well known standard brands of Kentucky and Pennsylvania Distillers, to which the attention of dealers is invited.

AUCTION SALES.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.
DANIEL D. RUSSELL, Auctioneer.
BY DURBOUT, JONES & COX.

BY VIRTUE OF ORDERS OF SALE TO ME DIRECTED by the Honorable District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Florida, I will sell at
PUBLIC AUCTION,
Store-house, No. 28 Waterside,
On TUESDAY, May 10, 1864,
At 12 o'clock, noon,
CARGO OF PRIZE SCHOONER LE ALTAD.
[illegible] bales Upland Cotton.
[illegible] Bales Old Bagging.
CARGO OF PRIZE SLOOP JOSEPHINE.
2 packages Sea Island Cotton.
1 package Upland Cotton.
FROM PRIZE SLOOP MARY.
24,000 Southern Bank Bills.
FROM PRIZE STEAMER MAIL.
6000 Southern Bank Bills.
CARGO.
18,140 Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company scrip, 1864.
8,000 Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company scrip, 1863.
Catalogues of Cotton and bills and samples of Cotton, at the office of Benner & Brown, No. 132 Wall-st., three days before the sale.
JAMES C. CRAPP, United States Marshal,
Southern District Florida.

A. JOURNEAY, Auctioneer—Office No. 6 Pine-st.
SALE OF RICH AND COSTLY HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

A. JOURNEAY will sell on WEDNESDAY, May 4, at the residence, No. 30 East 34th-st., near Madison-av., a large and varied assortment of superb elegant HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, made by the best
FOREIGN AND HOME MANUFACTURERS,
embracing the matchless
SOUL, BOUDOUINE, ROCHEFORT,
and others.
Elegant 7-octave rosewood piano-forte, handsomely carved rosewood parlor suites, in rich satin damask and plush; elegantly carved rosewood etageres, Axminster and Brussels carpetings, rich lace curtains, rosewood, mahogany and other bedroom furniture, French plate mirrors, black walnut and oak dining-room furniture, French china services, &c., &c., all in perfect order.

Al. R. Craven, Auctioneer.

MAGNIFICENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, FRENCH PLATE MIRRORS, BILLIARD TABLE, CARPETS, ETC.

Will be sold on WEDNESDAY, May 4, at 10 o'clock A. M., at No. 160 West 14th-st., between 6th and 7th ave., the whole of the elegant and superior household furniture contained in said dwelling-house, consisting in part of extra large French plate mirrors, parlor suites in green moquette, rich satin damask, marble-top tables and bureaus, secretary bed, Plympton patent, a very superior close-bed billiard table, superior carpets, oil-cloths, bed-room furniture, china, cutlery, kitchen utensils, &c., &c.

N. B.—The above sale is worthy the special attention of all who want good substantial first-class furniture.

Sale peremptory. Catalogues will be ready the afternoon previous.

E. VAN WINKLE, Auctioneer.
No. 132 Broadway,

EXECUTORS' SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

VAN WINKLE & WINANS will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, May 5, 1864, at 10½ A. M., the furniture contained in the five-story brick house, No. 141 Macdougal-st., corner of 4th-st., consisting of rosewood sofa, [illegible], tapestry and Brussels carpets, satin curtains lined with silk, Lights & Newton piano, seven-octave; vases, tables, several valuable paintings, &c., &c. A large assortment of chamber furniture, bedsteads, bureaus, tables, washstands, feather beds, bolsters, pillows; feather beds and bed covering. Also, the usual variety of crockery and kitchen furniture. Catalogues before the sale at our office, No. 132 Broadway.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY ON BLEECKER AND FOURTH STREETS AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, May 3, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building, N. Y.:

CARROLL-PLACE (BLEECKER-st.)—The handsome four-story high stoop brick house and lot, No. 10 Carroll-place, between Bleecker and Fourth-sts. Lot 22 feet 3 in. by 50 feet. Possession May 1, 1864.

FOURTH AND THOMPSON STS.—The valuable lot, with the front and four buildings thereon, southeast corner of 4th and Thompson sts. Lot 22 by 80 feet. Part of the property is rented until May, 1866, at about one thousand one hundred dollars.

Maps, &c., at the office of the auctioneer, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, EMBROIDERIES, FINE BRUSSELS, VELVET AND BRUSSELS CARPETS, &c.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, May 3, 1864, at 11 o'clock, at the residence, No. 14 Union-place, 14th-av. between 14th and 15th sts., all the elegant furniture contained in said house, consisting in part of elegant rosewood parlor suites, in green silk plush; elegant walnut dining room suite, in green repp; fine marble-top buffet, pillar extension table, rich rosewood bedstead, walnut sofas, rosewood and mahogany chairs, in crimson repp; elegant carved rosewood and walnut French bedsteads, demi-lune clocks, dressing bureaus, washstands, walnut library furniture, large hall mirror, palliasses, hair mattresses, bolsters, pillows, oak cottage suites, elegant gilt chandeliers and fixtures, crockery and glass-ware, rich velvet and Brussels carpets, oil-cloths, &c.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

MINER & ELLIOTT WILL SELL at auction on TUESDAY, May 3, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st.,
EXECUTOR'S SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

A general assortment of household furniture, removed from a gentleman's country seat in New-Jersey, consisting of rosewood parlor suites, black walnut and oak library and dining-room do., Brussels and velvet carpets, window curtains, mirrors, black walnut and mahogany bedsteads, bureaus and chairs, velvet, brussels, ingrain and three-ply carpets, curled hair mattresses, feather beds, bolsters and pillows, oil-cloth, stair carpets, mahogany and black walnut wardrobes, oak marble-top buffet, secretary bookcases, French china, dinner and tea sets, mahogany sofas, tête-a-tête and chairs, crockery, china and glassware. Also a large quantity of kitchen utensils, &c. Also, at 12 o'clock, rosewood 7-octave piano-forte, four round rosewood finished beds, a very superior toy, made by Gale, of this City, and a valuable rifled gun, Joseph Manton, maker; made to order.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

FRIDAY, MAY 6, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M., at Central Salesroom, corner of Willoughby and Pearl-sts., Brooklyn:

REGULAR ANNUAL SALE OF CARPETS, from families removing, comprising a very large assortment of rich velvet medallion, Brussels, three-ply and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, rugs, druggets, stair carpets, stair rods, &c., &c.

The catalogue, which will contain from 400 to 500 lots, will be ready on Thursday Evening, and will state the number and length of the breadths in each carpet.

If you expect to change your residence this season, and find your present carpet will not fit your new rooms, or if you are about to furnish, you will have an excellent opportunity to dispose of them to advantage at this sale, and at the same time be able to select others of the proper size from the very large assortment of every description, which will be offered at this sale, which we shall have to sell on that day.

Goods intended for this sale, must be sent in on or before Wednesday noon.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

LARGE SALE OF CONDEMNED STORES BY AUCTION, BY ORDER OF THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, May 3, 1864, at 11 o'clock, at the Navy-yard, Brooklyn:

FOOD VISIONS.—Bread, beef, pork, flour, rice, dried apples, pickles, tea, coffee, butter, beans, cutlasses, vinegar, whisky, brooms, &c.

CLOTHING.—Round jackets, cloth and satinet trousers, canvas, frocks, overalls, drawers, shirts, hats, flannel, shooting, canvas duck, nankin, calf and kip shoes, gum mittens, hammocks, hammock rope and cap, pilot cloth.

SMALL STORES.—Tobacco, soap, thread, black tape, handkerchiefs, thimbles, razor strops, shaving boxes and brushes, scrub-brushes, large do., sail needles, sail twine, fine combs, metal pans and kettles, mustard, pepper, blacking, forks, tea spoons.

List at No. 3 Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE WASHINGTON-ST. STORES.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, F. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, May 3, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) N. Y.:

Will be sold the valuable four-story stone house, three-story and-a-half brick house and lot, Nos. 1 and 3 Washington-st., between Fulton and Dey, and known as Nos. 195 and 197 Washington-st. The premises now rent for $1,000 each.

Maps, &c., at the office of the auctioneers, No. 111 Pine-st., N. Y.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY ON NEW-YORK WASHINGTON AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, F. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, May 3, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, a lot of land on west side of the Kingsbridge Road, at 155th-st., containing about 41 city lots, together with the two-story frame house thereon. Also, three plots on west side of the Kingsbridge Road, between the above-mentioned plot and 161st-st.; one of these plots has a two-story frame house thereon, and one a two-story frame house and stable. Maps at the office of the auctioneer, No. 111 Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSES AND LOTS ON WEST 16TH, 18TH AND WEST 27TH.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, F. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on MONDAY, May 2, at 12 o'clock, at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

A very commodious and elegant brick house, No. 22 West 16th-st., known as Nos. 20 and 22, being the eastern half.

Three-story brick house and lot No. 26 West 18th-st., 18x92.3.

Four-story and three-story brick house and lot No. 11 Perry-st., north side, 100 feet west of Waverley place.

GEO. COOK, Auctioneer.

LARGE STOCK OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE in good order, removed for convenience of sale.—GEORGE COOK will sell at store No. 343 Broadway, on TUESDAY, May 3, at 11 o'clock, a large stock of furniture, consisting of parlor suites in rosewood, black walnut and mahogany, in brocatel, repp and hair-cloth, library suites, bedsteads, wardrobes, tables and chairs, [illegible] and black walnut, &c., &c.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

TUESDAY, MAY 3, AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M., at No. 194 Fort Greene-place, between Fulton-st. and Myrtle-av., Brooklyn, [illegible] walnut parlor and chamber furniture, walnut extension table, pier glass, mantel clock, Brussels carpet, [illegible]. Whitlock, [illegible] McGrath, stove and kitchen furniture.

AUCTION SALES.

Morris Wilkins, Auctioneer.
EXECUTOR'S SALE.

VALUABLE PROPERTY, NO. 107 HERSCHELL-ST., E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, May 3, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building, N. Y.):

The valuable lot, with the three-story brick house on front, lot, and three-story brick building on rear of same, west side, between Bleecker and Amity sts. Lot 25 by 100 feet.

Between [illegible] on mortgage or be paid off.

Maps, &c., at the office of the auctioneer, No. 3 Pine-st., N. Y.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED.—A YOUNG AMERICAN WOMAN, A soldier's widow, with a child two years old, desires a situation in such private family (country preferred) as understands general household work, kind disposition, well versed in the care of children; is willing to accept any moderate employment supplying sufficient to support and educate her child; good references. Address Mrs. M. SPEAR, Box No. 120 Times Office.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR SEVERAL thoroughly efficient first-class servants, cooks, laundresses, chambermaids and nurses; accurate, highly recommended by Brooklyn ladies, and suitable for gentlemen's families in City or country, at HANNIGAN'S, No. 13 Court-st. (opposite City Hall,) Brooklyn. Establishment among the most distinguished patronage.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN A situation as nurse, &c.; seamstress; understands the care of a baby from its birth; has good City references; no objections to the country. Can be seen at the Protestant Employment Agency, No. 135 4th-av., between 13th and 14th-sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, BY A RESpectable woman in a private family; is an first-rate baker of bread and biscuits; has the best of City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 4 Trinity-place, between Broadway and 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCEd person as cook; can make all kinds of soups, poultry and game, and is an excellent baker and nice dessertz; the best of City references from her last place. Call at No. 12 East 22d-st. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman who understands all kinds of cooking; would attend to milk or butter, or assist at the washing or ironing; no objection to the country. Call, for two days, at No. 2 Hague, in the rear, between 16th and 17th pls.

WANTED—SITUATION WANTED, BY A COMpetent Protestant woman, as infant's nurse; thoroughly understands the care of children of any age; City references. Apply at No. 52 University-place, on Monday.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE FAMily as seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing, and would do light chambermaid, if required; best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 560 Broadway, near 23d-st.

WANTED.—A CAPABLE YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation as chambermaid and laundress; does French dusting and all hand work exceedingly neat. The best of City reference given. Can be seen for two days at No. 93 West 19th-st., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, LAUNdress or chambermaid and laundress by a young woman highly recommended; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 9 West 11th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook (English); can do all kinds of cooking, pastry, game, bone, hard, side dishes, &c. Call at No. 11 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A situation as laundress; understands French dusting; has excellent City references; no objection to live country. Can be seen at the Protestant Employment Agency, No. 135 4th-av., between 13th and 14th-sts.

WANTED—A WOMAN WISHES A SITUATION as cook in a private family; perfectly understands her business; best City references; no objection to go in the country. Call at No. 445 2d-av., 3 doors from 23d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and seamstress, nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid and waiter, by a Protestant young woman, well recommended. Apply at 7 West 11th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS laundress or chambermaid; has five years' experience from a first-class family. Call at No. 217 2d-st., between 6th and 7th-sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as seamstress, and to take care of children. May be seen at her present employer's, No. 16 West 17th-st., Monday, from 10 to 12.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as chambermaid and waitress, or to do fine washing and ironing; the best of City references from her present place. Call at No. 31 West 26th-st.

WANTED—A YOUNG WOMAN DESIRES A situation as seamstress in a respectable private family; can cut and fit and do all kinds of sewing; has good references. Can be seen for two days at No. 440 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, A SITUation in a private family; one who has got the best City references can be seen for two days at No. 370 2d-av., third story, back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a place as chambermaid and waitress; no objections to go to California with a family. Inquire at No. 149 Smith-st., Brooklyn. Reference given.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress, or would take care of children; lately landed. Call at No. 30 Union-court, University-place, near 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, WITH excellent City references, a situation in the City or country; understands meats, poultry, baking and pastry; wages $16. Call at No. 122 East 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR CHAMBERwork and waiting, or will assist in washing; City references. Call at No. 15 Union-court, University-place, near 14th-st.

WANTED.—BY A NEAT, TIDY GIRL, WITH excellent City reference, a situation as nurse and chambermaid; is perfect in her business; no objection to the country; wages $7. Call at No. 149 East 29th-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN WANTS A situation; is a good cook and a baker, good references from a family in the washing. Call just two days, No. 104 East 11th-st., between Avenue A and B.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS waitress; willing to assist with chambermaid; first class City reference. Call at 162 East 12th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, A SITUation; will go to the country; best City references. Call at No. 19 Union-court, University-place, near 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GERMAN GIRL to cook, wash and iron, with good references. Call No. 61 Rivington-st.

A

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, MAY 2, 1864.

Amusements this Evening.

WINTER GARDEN—Benefit of Miss Avonia Jones—Hamlet.

BOWERY THEATRE—Hazel Atee—Magnetic.

BUTLER'S GARDEN—The Cooper Room.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Grand Aquarium, Giant Women, Giant, Giant Girl, Giant Boy, Two Dwarfs, Mammoth Wax Figures, Infant Drummer, Fat Boy, 700 lbs. Weight; Feat of Cupid's Cave; Happy Family, Cherry Sisters and Tyrolean Warbler, at 2 and 7½ P. M.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON—Equestrian Performances.

COOPER INSTITUTE—Grand Concert—Hazel Ate.

BROADWAY—Evening of Music.

BROADWAY THEATRE—Sinbad.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The price of the TIMES (Daily) is Three Cents, except for the Sunday morning issue, which is Four Cents.

To Mail Subscribers per annum.....$8 00
Including Sunday morning edition, $10.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

One copy 1 year.....$2 00 | Five copies 1 year.....$8 00
Ten copies 1 year.....$15 00 | Twenty copies 1 year.....$25 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES.

One copy 1 year.....$1 00 | Five copies 1 year.....$4 00
Ten copies 1 year.....$7 00 | Twenty copies 1 year.....$13 00
And an Extra Copy to any Club of Ten.
Twenty copies 1 year.....$25 00
To Clergymen.—Weekly, $1 50; Semi-Weekly, $2 50.

Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the Weekly and Semi-Weekly, at Club Rates.

Payments invariably in advance.

We have no authorized Traveling Agents.

Any person sending us a Club of Twenty, the Semi-Weekly Times will be sent gratuitously for one year. To any one sending us a Club of Fifty, the DAILY TIMES will be sent gratis for one year. Address

E. J. RAYMOND & CO., Publishers.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their bills as early as hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

Dispatches from the Army of the Potomac furnish the usual stories relative to the fabulous strength which Lee is massing in front of Gen. Grant. His infantry is reported by deserters to number eighty thousand, and his cavalry twenty-two thousand, all mounted, of course, on well-fed steeds, with ten days' rations issued every week for an advance which don't take place. The town of Madison Court-house has been burned by our troops.

Late advices from Camden, Ark., say that Gen. Steele's army is there, and had, previous to its arrival, effected a junction with Gen. Thayer. Gen. Steele had completely out-generaled "old Pete Price," who commands the rebel army in Arkansas, and after finding Marmaduke in one position after another, finally started on a race with him for Camden, a place very strongly fortified on the Washita River, and came out victor, entering the works unopposed by the enemy. The fortifications were found to consist of nine forts, very strongly built, and capable of resisting a largely superior force.

The Nashville *Times* of April 28 gives the particulars of the late rebel dash upon our lines, in front of Gen. Hooker's position, in Lookout Valley, on the 23d of April. The infantry came over Taylor's Ridge, and the cavalry came from the south, down the valley. They attacked simultaneously seven points picketed by the Ninety-second Illinois. Our men attempted to fall back, but the rebel infantry barred every way. They then tried to cut their way out. Out of 64 men, 34, fighting bravely, escaped. Not a man came back to camp but on orders. However, five of our men were killed, four mortally wounded, three severely wounded, and nineteen missing. Lieut. Scoville was wounded and taken prisoner. The rebel loss is as severe as ours, if not greater. Several of our men were killed by the enemy after surrendering. Some of our wounded were butchered as they lay on the field. The rebels in the whole affair were guilty of shocking barbarity.

The steamers *Texas*, *Columbia* and *Morrissey*, bringing advices from New-Orleans to April 24, arrived at this port Saturday. That part of the military news which is apparently the most important, seems to be only the echo of that already received via Cairo. It is to the effect that the rebels exhibited a disposition to attack Gen. Banks in his strongly fortified position on the Red River, and that the skirmishing which was in progress might at any time grow into a battle. The rumor regarding the occupation of Shreveport by Gen. Steele, has one addition—that he was throwing up fortifications. If he is actually at that place or in its immediate vicinity, it is difficult to understand why the rebels do not attempt to dispose of him before troubling themselves regarding the forces under Gen. Banks, which are not likely to be able to resume the offensive for some days, according to the latest accounts. A call for a meeting to appoint delegates to a Union State Convention, which shall send delegates to the National Convention, appears in the New-Orleans papers. The Constitutional Convention was trying to reach the more important business which it had assembled to perform.

Lieuts. Brady and Wilson, of the First Middle Tennessee (rebel) Cavalry, were captured twelve miles from Columbia, Tenn., on the 26th of April. They had a pass from Gen. Wheeler, authorizing them to do a little scouting on their own hook—which they did.

FROM EUROPE.

The *Europa* arrived at Halifax yesterday morning after a stormy passage. She brings European dates to late on the 17th ult. via Queenstown. The pirate *Florida* had found refuge in a Spanish port, has replenished her supply of coal at a Portuguese port having been refused. The authenticity of the famous Rebel manifesto is said to have been exhaustively analyzed by the Pasha of Egypt, who, in correspondence of the London Times asserts, states that he endorsed their constitution. The steamer *Teutonia* this week carried the Prussian Minister Bismarck, who was on a mission acknowledging his connection with the murder of Schleswig-Holstein, may lead some to doubt the authenticity of this little romance. Garibaldi continued to be "all the rage" in London. He received a magnificent reception at the Crystal Palace on the night of the 14th. The Emperor Maximilian and the Empress Carlotta left Brussels on April 14, and were expected to reach Paris on the succeeding day for Mexico. The Danish question was to be laid before the Danish Parliament on April 20, and the German Diet was to be represented. Meanwhile, the Prussian troops were occupying the siege of Duppel. Consols closed at 89@90¾ for money.

IN THE SENATE, Saturday, Mr. Wilson introduced a resolution, which was referred to the Military Committee, that any officer whose resignation of a commission was accepted, shall not be entitled to hold or exercise command until again appointed by the President, with consent of the Senate. Mr. Sumner introduced a bill providing for a Board of Examination to ascertain the merits and capacity of all applicants for civil service under the Government, except those appointed by the President. The House bill for relief of settlers on land claims in California was called up and discussed. The bill granting lands for a railroad in Minnesota, as amended by the House, was passed. The amendment of the Finance Committee to the Tax Bill taxing banks was passed.

In the House a resolution was adopted for the appointment of a committee of nine, to investigate the charges made by Mr. Blaze against Secretary Chase, and all allegations affecting the integrity of the Treasury Department. Messrs. Garfield, Wilson, Brooks, Davis, Stuart, Fenton, Dawson, Jenckes and Steele were announced as the Committee. The Senate amendment to the Army Appropriation Bill making the pay and emolument of colored soldiers equal to those of white, to take effect from January 1, 1864, was adopted. Ayes, 81; nays, 49.

GENERAL NEWS.

It seems to be pretty well settled that the letters produced in the House of Representatives some days since by Gen. Garfield, purporting to have been written by J. S. Davis and D. R. Eckles, of Indiana, were actually forgeries. The Indianapolis *Sentinel* states that they were written at the desk in the office of a hotel in that city, and that they were fabricated for the express purpose of Rankin in the hopes that they might protect him in case he fell into rebel hands. The last time Rankin's friends heard from him was three days before the battle of Chickamauga, when he was at Bragg's headquarters, and they now suppose him to be dead.

A letter from Kanawha Court House states that the rebels are committing serious depredations in that vicinity. The writer says: "On Tuesday night they took seventy horses from the bank of the Ohio River opposite Gallipolis. On Wednesday they captured some twenty or thirty mules, within twelve or fourteen miles of this town, where a pretty large military force is encamped. And on Thursday they got four horses belonging to Judge Summers, and took the contents of two stores from Red House Shoals."

There was a dull Stock Market on Saturday, and the Board of Brokers omitted their afternoon session. Money easy, on a dull demand from the Stock Exchange. The Customs demand for Gold continued active, the price closing 179@179¾.

Breadstuffs were lightly dealt in on Saturday; prices favored buyers. Provisions were generally in fair demand. Pork was quoted higher. A good inquiry prevailed for Hay, Hides, Leather, Petroleum, Fruit, Wool, Metals, Cotton, Tallow and Spanish Tobacco. Whisky was in more request, and firmer. Freights were quiet, with 561 vessels of all classes in port.

The Military Field.

The opinion is universal, both in the North and in the South, that this month of May will be a month of great battles. It was almost impossible, this year, to commence operations earlier. It was impossible for the army in Tennessee to advance, for the simple reason that until within the last few weeks, there was no accumulation of supplies at Chattanooga; and without a very large accumulation, a forward movement was not only impracticable, but if it had been successfully made, we could not have held the new positions we might have won. By this time, we have a considerable stock of supplies at Chattanooga. Our army there, too, has greatly increased in magnitude by the return of the veteran regiments, who went back much enlarged after their furlough. Its objective point is generally believed to be Atlanta, a position second only to Richmond in importance, and, in a strategic point of view, in its bearings upon the whole Southern Confederacy, of still higher value than the rebel capital. Its commanding importance was argued very frequently by military men last Fall and Winter; and though we have heard but little of it lately, its importance has not diminished a whit. Some of the Richmond rebels have lately given expression to the opinion that the Summer campaign will really begin in the West, from Chattanooga, and though this is a subject about which we know nothing, we must confess that the reasons the rebels give for their opinion are not bad. Beside the drawback we have mentioned to an advance on this line, another great impediment has just been removed. We refer to the column in East Tennessee under Longstreet, which is now withdrawn to Virginia. As long as Longstreet held Bull's Gap with a large force, the advance of our main army under Sherman was perilous. The rebels might have fallen upon Knoxville, might have got upon Sherman's communications or in his rear, or might have struck into Kentucky, and by one or other of these movements compelled a retrograde movement on the part of Sherman before he had consummated his campaign. That danger is now out of the way for the time being; and if our forces seize and properly fortify Bull's Gap, we can secure East Tennessee and guard Kentucky with a small body of troops.

The rebels are boasting of the magnitude of Johnston's army, and the fine condition into which he has brought it since last November, when it was routed by Grant. We have no doubt it is a large army; we do not believe it will be easily beaten, and we do not believe it will retreat to or beyond Atlanta without a desperate fight. Between Atlanta and its present position near Dalton it holds a line of immense strength—a line of immense difficulty for us to operate over. There is not only the fortified mountainous position at Tunnel Hill to be broken through, but there are two rivers, the Coosa and Etowah, to be crossed, at both of which the rebels have works, and can make a stiff fight. Notwithstanding the obstacles and difficulties, we should not be surprised if the rebels were right in auguring an early advance of our great army in the West.

An advance of the Army of the Potomac much earlier this year, was also next to impossible. We could set advance in the wintry months, and early in March, the Army was placed under a new commander, inexperienced in operations in Virginia, and who required a few weeks at least, to prepare his plans, to get his army in hand, and to instruct it in the sine essential for a forward movement upon the greatly reinforced army of Lee. It is but seven weeks since Grant was elevated to the grade of Lieutenant-General, with the command of all the military forces of the Union; and it is less than that short time since he arrived in Virginia. Of his admirable movement, of his immense activity, of his concentration of troops, the public have from time to time got some little idea. How far his plans may be matured, how nearly ready he may be for movement, no one knows; and the public have been wisely kept ignorant. The Cincinnati *Commercial* says that the President has lately assured Gen. Grant, not only that he is absolute master of all the forces in the field, but that he (the President) does not even desire to know what are his plans in any field of operations. We have no doubt of the truth of this statement, and, under such circumstances, we think that popular curiosity can very well afford to restrain itself.

But still signs are seen in the field and in the newspapers that Grant's preliminary labors are rapidly reaching their consummation. It is altogether unlikely that this month of May will pass away, without battles in the East and in the West that will severely test, and we hope to Heaven, will crush the head and backbone of this great rebellion.

Fighting—How to Do It, and How Not to Do It.

If there is to be another battle in Louisiana, we hope the Government has by this time forwarded instructions to Gen. Banks to try the plan of fighting the enemy with his whole army at once, and of trying to be the stronger at the point of attack. A great many of our Generals have, so far, as we remarked the other day, regarded this idea with great disfavor, influenced, we believe, by the example of the Greeks at Marathon and Thermopylæ, who are reported to have fought and conquered with vastly inferior forces. As civilians, we of course offer an opinion on a point of this kind with a good deal of diffidence, but the plan of attacking the enemy with superior numbers, or of letting him severely alone until he can be attacked in this way, has in modern times been tried on several occasions with much success; and from this it would seem that there really must be something in it. Then, it is now satisfactorily proved that the Confederates are "evil beasts," and positively will not let themselves be thrashed by half their numbers—the United States Constitution to the contrary notwithstanding. They began the display of their stiffneckedness on the Peninsula, where they resolutely and wickedly refused to be conquered by detachments detailed from Little Mac's army for that purpose. Their malevolence toward Gen. Banks seems equally strong. The manner in which they precipitated their whole force on each of his divisions as it came up, following their refusal to lay down their arms to Gen. A. L. Lee's cavalry, was a stupendous example of malignity. A man named Bonaparte, who cut some figure in the wars following the French Revolution, was in the habit of so arranging matters that he might fling his whole army on one point of the enemy's line, and he on several occasions did them a good deal of damage in this way, and achieved some reputation among his contemporaries. We, therefore, respectfully suggest that Gen. Banks be requested to try this device at Grand Ecore, if it be not too late. We think it extremely doubtful whether the Confederates can be conquered by "raids" much before the year 1900, and we fear by that time people at the North would begin to show symptoms of dissatisfaction with the slow progress of the war. Gen. Grant is evidently resolved on trying our plan, and, if Lee beats him, he will have the satisfaction of destroying an immense army at one fell blow.

The Fort Pillow Butchery—How to Deal With the Butchers.

We hear every day accounts from Tennessee, of Grierson having captured parties of Forrest's men. If they are true, and there is no reason to doubt them, he must have in his hands by this time nearly two hundred, if not more. It will not, or certainly ought not to be difficult for an active and vigilant officer such as he is to pick up three hundred and sixty of them, considering that they are all given to drink, and that as they are mostly occupied in plundering, they must scatter and straggle a good deal. Now, if this is the case, does it not furnish a ready solution of our difficulty about retaliation for the Fort Pillow affair? It would certainly be very hard for us either to counsel or to witness the execution in cold blood of this number of Confederate prisoners who have had no share in this bloody deed. The butchery of a large number of men for a crime of which, though technically answerable for it, they are not really guilty, is something which no Christian man at the North likes to face, if it can possibly be avoided. We have not got down to the Confederate level yet, and have no love of bloodshed for its own sake. But we doubt very much if there is anybody amongst us, or in any part of the civilized world, who would not hear with intense satisfaction that three hundred and sixty of Forrest's butchers had been strung up as fast as they were caught. They are the very men who have done the deed, and the only man who, if simple justice was always attainable, ought to be made to suffer for it. We are satisfied, therefore, that if Col. Grierson will hang on the nearest tree every prisoner who falls into his hands, who shall be proved to have belonged to Forrest's gang, he will relieve the Government from great embarrassment, set a valuable and striking example, and give satisfaction to the Northern public.

A Good Move.—We understand that a movement is on foot among the ladies of this City to diminish somewhat the drain of gold from the country, by agreeing among themselves not to use any of the expensive fabrics imported from abroad, which enter so largely just now into the consumption of the country. They propose to confine themselves, so far as possible, to the use of home fabrics, while the war lasts. Such a movement among the ladies, if it becomes at all general, will do good in many ways. It will relieve their husbands from paying a good many very heavy bills. It will thus keep gold not only within the country, but within their private purses. And it will tend to build up and encourage the manufactures here at home, of a great many articles which are now imported. Few persons probably are aware of the extent to which the manufacture of a great many things supposed to come exclusively from abroad, is already carried on here at home. This can and will be very much enlarged by such action as the ladies propose to take. We are told that already a great many of the *silk* fabrics sold here as of foreign importation, are actually made in Connecticut, and so far as quality is concerned, nobody could tell the difference.

Up to the present time the movement referred to has been only a matter of conversation; but we presume some public demonstration will take place in regard to it before long.

Disease in New-York—The Punishment of Sanitary Neglect.

It has come to be recognized as a natural law of society that the sins and evils of one class are visited upon other classes. If the rich be extravagant or corrupt in morals, the poor are injured by their influence. If the poor live in unhealthy physical conditions, their diseases pass over to those who have every comfort.

We do not desire to create any unnecessary alarm at this time, but we fear there is strong reason to believe that one dreadful scourge of the vices and neglect of the poor—we mean *Typhoid Fever*—is now beginning to afflict classes who are exposed to none of its causes or its provocations any further than in being residents of the same city. It will be remembered that for many years the experienced physicians and other friends of sanitary improvement have been warning the public that New-York, though with the healthiest situation in the world, could not always escape the consequences of her insane neglect of common sanitary provisions. It was shown to us that streets in the condition of ours, must, as by a physical necessity, breed disease. It was proved that in our poorer quarters double the number of children die in proportion to the population, compared with London. We heard continually of the densely crowded tenement-houses—a single building holding the population of a small village; of the double row of houses, where the only escape for air, the court, is filled with another crowded building, the whole mass of human beings emptying their refuse in a common pile, which remains festering and rotting for months beneath their windows. The "cellar-population," numbering by the tens of thousands, were described to us, and we even heard, from competent witnesses, of two or three families living together in a single underground room, with scarce any air or light.

We were warned that all this was a hot-house of pestilence, and that when once some terrible disease had been engendered in these sinks of corruption, it would by no means confine itself to tenement quarters or to families enjoying only a certain income. We all know that physical laws are not barred off by divisions of classes, and that the typhus of the Sixth Ward or the cholera of the First Ward would not hesitate to knock at the doors of the handsome squares and the rich avenues of the upper Wards. We understood very well that even if we refused all responsibility for the homes and health of the poor, we could not avoid the effects of their diseases.

And yet, with all these warnings and representations, nothing effective was ever done. The City is in as filthy condition in the poor Wards, as ever before. Let any one, if he doubts, take a walk through Trinity-lane, Rector-street, Greenwich and other streets, in the First Ward, or through portions of the Fourth and Sixth Wards, or near the East River in Tenth, Eleventh and other streets, or in East Thirty-second and Thirty-third streets and others, between First and Second avenues. The tenement houses are just as much packed as ever; ventilation is as entirely neglected; double rows of houses still crowd various quarters, and the cellar-population is undiminished.

Can we wonder that at length *typhoid* has come forth with its ghastly train from all these reeking dens, and in some districts, scarcely a floor is without its sick? In many a foul hole, women and children half clad, are discovered by the Dispensary physicians lying on the floors tossing with this disease. Bellevue alone has over a hundred cases, and since August last, seventy-five per cent. of the young physicians in attendance have died of it. And this is but natural. Typhoid is as much the harvest of the seed sown in bad air, crowded rooms, rotting garbage, unswept streets and want of light and nourishment, as the corn of the next Autumn will be of the yellow seed now dropped in the furrows. But there are indications that the poor are not to suffer alone. The disease is creeping into other classes. Sickness assumes, we hear, a typhoidal character, and many cases of the fever among the cleanly and comfortable already appear.

So plain is the connection between the evil and its remedy, that all words of advice or suggestions of improvement seem almost superfluous. And yet we almost despair of the slightest change or reform. We are governed in sanitary matters for the benefit of the pockets of a few politicians, not for the benefit of the richer the poor. All our sanitary bills before the Legislature have uniformly failed against the personal and pecuniary influence brought to bear from this City. Our only hope is in the efficient working of an intelligent association, which has been formed to cure just such evils—the "Citizens' Association," which will embody all the popular desires of reform, and be able to form them into practical plans.

We need, as everybody knows, merely a simple organized plan and some honest man to execute it, for receiving and daily carrying off the necessary garbage of a great city. Anybody with the slightest power for organization, ought to be able to do it thoroughly. Then we want a thorough system of inspection of the tenement houses, under an Act which, like the London Act, forbids more than a certain number of lodgers on a given number of square feet, and requires proper means of ventilation and drainage in each lodging-house, the inspectors having power to act summarily in case these laws are neglected. All second rows of houses should be forbidden in future, and the cellars cleared of their tenants. Many minor abuses in these tenement houses could be readily corrected by other provisions.

With a city cleaned and inspected as Paris is, and under some such legislation as that sketched above, New-York would be the healthiest city in the world.

We trust that the Citizens' Association will frame the wisest and most practical Health Bill which is possible, for the next session, and then, by all, honorable means, "lobby" it through. In the meantime, individuals should use all possible preventive means to check the spread of these diseases, which spring from filth and over-crowding of population.

An Opening for Entertainers.—In the period of suspense which must precede the commencement of the great underground railroad, there is abundant scope for a supplementary enterprise, which, if it should even be but of temporary necessity, would prove amply remunerative for the time. We refer to the establishment of a line of airy, tidy and fast-going river boats to ply—say on the North River, from the foot of Canal-street to Manhattanville, stopping at two or more intervening landings—and on the East River, from Peck-slip to Harlem Bridge, making similar way-calls, especially at Eighty-sixth-street. There is an apology for this accommodation already in existence, in the form of an East River line, which makes sundry trips a day (at most uncertain intervals) to and from Harlem, via Astoria, neglecting the great suburb of Yorkville, with some 6,000 or 8,000 people, altogether, or, rather, leaving the stray passenger who may wish to go there by the river at the mercy of the still more uncertain and uninviting ferry arrangements between Astoria and Eighty-sixth-street. The service we suggest—if properly conducted—say with good, substantial boats, running up both sides of the island every half-hour, would prove a most effectual relief from overcrowding in the cars in summer. The arrangement, moreover, would beget a trade, first in the attraction it would afford to pleasure-seekers, and next, the stimulus it would supply to suburban housekeeping; bringing the two ends of the island, as it were, together, by annihilating full half the distance which now separates them.

The time occupied in the trip each way, including stoppages, need not exceed half an hour, or a little over one-third of the time required by the overloaded through cars. There would be no legislative provision required which would prevent the enterprise from going into early operation; and those who look to high and rapidly advancing house-rents would do well to give the subject immediate and practical consideration.

Movements of Population.—There have been some novel and curious movements of population in this country during the last three years, or since the war began. There has been a large emigration of Southern Union people into the States of the North. There has been a large—partially free, partially forced—rebel emigration to the Confederacy from those parts of the Southern States brought within our lines. There has been a very large civic emigration from the Northern States to the recaptured cities of the South, as New-Orleans, Vicksburgh, Memphis, Nashville, and so forth. There has been a very considerable emigration of dejected rebels from the Western Border Slave States to the gold-bearing Territories of the Rocky Mountains. There has been a large emigration from the United States to Canada, consisting of deserters from our army, timid people, nervous people and bilious people, accompanied by not a few wretched rebels; and there has been a counter current, larger than usual, of Canadians to this country. These currents of internal migration are, in their character, unlike anything that has ever taken place here before.

If Lieut.-Gen. Grant destroys the army of Lee, and crushes the rebellion in a reasonable time, there will within the next few years be far larger movements of population in this country than any yet seen. In particular, there will be an immense emigration from the Northern States Southward.

Labor in the Interior.—Some of the Ohio papers state that the calling out of the militia in that and other Western States, just at the present time, is likely to cause a good deal of embarrassment in the agricultural districts. It is just now the season for putting in the Spring crops, and any great lack of labor will make itself seriously and disastrously felt in the diminished returns of next Fall. It is a matter of very great importance to the country that the harvest of this year should be as large as possible. Whatever labor can be procured in any part of the Western States will be used to advantage.

Arrivals in the City.

Gen. Foster, U. S. A.; Hon. M. B. Field, Washington; Lieut. R. H. Lennox and S. P. Lenox, U. S. Navy; R. Ripley and wife, New-Orleans, are at the Astor House.

Gov. Yates, Illinois; Hon. J. H. Henry, Iowa; Senator S. C. Pomeroy, Kansas; Gen. M. Cook and Judge Jewett, Ohio; J. H. Woodworth, Chicago; J. M. Elliott, Kentucky; J. Q. A. Rollins, Colorado; F. F. Frazer and R. C. Woodruff, Buffalo, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Gen. G. Weitzel and Staff, U. S. A.; S. P. W. Stradler, Cincinnati; Col. Reeves, U. S. A.; S. M. Rust, New-York; E. F. Van Choate, and S. Hamilton, Boston, and James Street, San Francisco, are at the Astor House.

Funeral of Chief of Police Kelly.—The funeral of Mr. Edward D. Kelly, Chief of Police of Jersey City, took place yesterday afternoon, from the Church of the Immaculate, in Erie-street. It was attended by the entire Police Force, the city authorities, members of Hoplon Company No. 1, and a large concourse of people. Rev. Father Smith officiated. The remains were interred in St. Peter's Cemetery, Hudson City.

Lecture by Gov. Parker.—Gov. Parker, of New-Jersey, has consented to deliver a lecture at the Congregational Tabernacle, Jersey City, on Tuesday evening next, in aid of the fund for the relief of the families of volunteers. Subject—*The Early History of New-Jersey.*

THEATRICAL.

A Farewell Benefit.—Miss Avonia Jones has come to the conclusion that a Spring season of Italian opera is impossible. The public seemed to be ready for it, and her enthusiasm prompted themselves in encouraging numbers. It was owing to these facts, perhaps, that a few German sauerkraut-singers supposed that the right time had arrived for a new creation, and therefore "scratched." They were followed, we believe, by some members of the orchestra, and so Mr. Maretzek found himself in a dilemma. Either he had to acknowledge a new principle in management, namely, paying for rehearsals as well as performances, or to postpone the season. The latter was the judicious course, and Mr. Maretzek adopted it. Hence we shall have no more opera until October next. By that time the impresario will have arranged the matter—not, perhaps, to the satisfaction of the disaffected, but justiciously, so far as the public is concerned. The time has certainly come for combating the pretensions of the musicians of the orchestra and chorus. A decent operatic entertainment will otherwise be impossible. At the present moment they hold, or fancy they hold, the manager completely in their power. He has to accede to their monstrous demands, or be left in the lurch. The latter alternative is rather difficult with a man like Mr. Maretzek, but he has preferred to face demands the citizen and the chorus-lady, which have encouraged them to make the present trouble. Musicians are, we admit, scarce, but it is possible to add to their number, and this is the only plan by which the monopoly can be broken down. Who will undertake the task of importing a few dozen fiddlers, and half a hundred decent chorus-singers?

The concert announced by Signor Mazzoleni, for Saturday last, did not take place. Somebody was sick; so the few people who had assembled were dismissed. In the evening, at the same establishment—Irving Hall—Signor Bazzini gave an entertainment in aid of the Italian Benevolent Society, which was not liberally attended. The performances were extremely creditable to teacher and pupils.

Mr. J. N. Pattison will give a grand concert at Irving Hall on Thursday evening, assisted by Miss Laura Harris, Signor Leon, Signor Abbavani and other artists.

The most important announcement this week comes from the Winter Garden. Mr. Edwin Booth, who, without any kind of exception, is the best tragic actor now on the stage, will commence an engagement there of eleven nights, to-morrow (Tuesday,) during which he will repeat some of his greatest impersonations. This engagement will be the last prior to the Fall campaign, and is, therefore, doubly interesting.

Miss Avonia Jones completes her engagement at the Winter Garden to-night, playing *Meta*, in the tragic play of that name—her best part,—and *Jessie*, in the "Scottish"—her worst. During a rather unfortunate time, Miss Jones has contrived to win a large share of public attention, and to establish her claims as one of the best artists now on the stage. Should she return when no Sanitary Fair is in program, she will, we are sure, carry off something more substantial than the hearty recognition of her merits.

Mr. Frank Drew will take his first benefit at the Olympic to-night. The programme is selected for the express purpose of displaying the gentleman's comic powers. "Handy Andy" and "Massaniello" will be played.

Miss Jane Coomes has played three times during the past week at Wallack's. Her Lady Teazle was good, although marred by too much feminine pointedness. As Lady Gay Spanker, she was especially excellent in the descriptive scene excluding the hunt. These were her two best efforts, and sufficient to justify the highest expectations concerning her future career. We can hardly say as much of the lady's performance in the "Stranger," (Saturday night.) The overwrought intensities of a Provincial school of acting were painfully noticeable in her impersonation of *Mrs. Haller*. The part is fearful enough in all conscience, it need not be made hysterical. Mr. Lester Wallack, we may here add, plays the *Stranger* with rare skill. It is at best an artificial and priggish creation, but its stilted mysticism is not absolutely intolerable in this gentleman's interpretation of it. The most natural character is the *Countess*, and this was exquisitely played by Miss Henrietta, whom sweetness and grace are as conspicuous as her rapidly maturing powers. Miss Mary Gannon was also admirable.

That notoriety is almost as good as fame was demonstrated on Saturday, when the Count Joannes gave an imbecile performance of "Hamlet" at the Academy of Music. The entertainment was beneath mediocrity, yet many hundred people were present, and amused themselves by "guying" the Count and his companions.

We live in an age of magic. Professors of the black art descend on our City like soot from a burning chimney. Robert Heller is probably responsible for this. He was the first to see our exposed situation, and to take advantage of it. It was he who set us aglow. Since then we have had the Davenport Brothers, who pretend to have the Old Gentleman in a box, and to-night we are to have Fairman, who says that he can do even more than the personable himself. The last-named gentleman plays at the Broadway Theatre, (late Wallack's,) which has been newly painted and decorated at great cost. Mr. Heller retains his cozy quarters opposite the Metropolitan Hotel, and the Davenport Brothers extend their Familiar at the Cooper Institute. The immortals never come alone.

"Rosedale" will be played to-night at Wallack's.

Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams have resumed their season of Irish drama at Niblo's. It was interrupted, it will be remembered, by the indisposition of Mr. Williams. The gentleman is now in excellent condition, and delights the best audiences that the "Connie Soogah" has ever drawn.

It should be remembered that "Pomp of Cuddjo's Cave" will be withdrawn from the boards of Barnum's Museum after the present week. We have so recently spoken of its merits that it is unnecessary to do more than refer to this fact.

Mr. George Leach, a gentleman who has done good service in the cause of church music, will be the recipient of a grand complimentary concert at Irving Hall, on Saturday evening next, the 7th of May. Several artists of distinction have volunteered for the occasion.

FINE ARTS.

Mr. Bierstadt's picture of "Eve in the Garden" is the most meritorious specimen of that gentleman's best style that we have seen for many years, and will fully repay a visit to the Canyon Gallery, corner of Ninth-street, where it is exhibited. We have during the past few seasons had so many criticisms from Mr. Bierstadt's easel, so many abortive attempts to furnish the historic "Garden at a bound," that it is really refreshing and delightful to find a work in which hitherto dust is not the prevailing tone, or the vitalized history of Egypt and the East the standard of inspiration. "Eve" is a tempting and meritorious beauty, reclining in a corner of foliage, with that absence of costume which our ancestors claim that they were in when the Garden of Eden Nature manufactured the Paradise Scarf. The flesh tints are warm and beautiful, and the expression of the face is pleasing and pure. There is no great boldness in the general treatment of the figure that the effect of the prominent position is somewhat destroyed. It has forward, and lately as though "Eve" were floating over the bank rather than walking on it. A point like this will results badly, and as the picture becomes older it will entirely disappear. The landscape is particularly good, and in fact the general details reflect the artist great credit on the artist. We have heard some objections to the picture on the score of indecency. They are ridiculous. The person who cannot gaze at a nude figure without blushing ought to be excluded from a picture gallery, or content himself with Boundary Eve's in calico and false hair.

Derby Gallery.—The annual exhibition of the National Academy of Design is now open at this establishment, opposite the Olympic Theatre.

In the same building will be found the fine and extremely interesting picture of "Washington Irving and His Literary Friends," a group, containing the portraits of the most memorable of our writers. The engravings of the same are in a forward state of preparation, and are said to be extremely fine. The picture is only to remain in the present quarters for two or three weeks more.

MISCELLANEOUS.

More Hanging in the Vigilante Committee.—A "Short Stick" and a Rope Thus to Stop Robbery—Arrests, Trials and Executions—Interesting Facts.

(Correspondence of the Rocky Mountain (Denver City) News.)

VIRGINIA CITY, I. T., Thursday, March 18.

have been waiting some time for something of interest to turn up, that I might give you an item of news from these gold fields of the Northwest. Quite lay arrived here, about four weeks ago, making every possible inquiry, that I have transpired to communicate to you, that day before yesterday, the particulars of which I now send you in full.

On the morning of Tuesday last, the 8th instant, the current report around town was, that the person and property of a certain class of prostitutes had been informed upon, by a lot of scamps with whom the latter had quarreled with; without any provocation or provocation, and literally disembowelled and devoured the contents of the interior. The proprietress, who is known by the name of "Moll Featherlegs," thinking she could recover damages, began a suit before his Honor Judge DAVIS, and a jury of twelve was called to hear the testimony and render their verdict accordingly. The case was prosecuted and defended by the best talent the country affords, and toward evening the jury retired, intending to give in the verdict NEXT morning, at 9 A. M. The decision of the court (which I have heard, but not seen) was, that the plaintiff should recover some damages.

On the same evening the "chorus" of ADAMS, BIRKES, LIZ CUNNINGAM & Co., was broken into by HAYNES, THOMPSON, HAMMOND, BLAKE and others. The contents of this resort were likewise materially demolished. Some claims says they completely buried her up in business, and she had nothing left.

J. A. BLAKE, known in Denver as well as here, has been a terror to this community. He has been keeping a ranch on the Madison branch of the Missouri River, about ten miles from here, but spent two-thirds of his time in town, and while here became always drunk. He had with him at all times a gang of desperadoes, who feared nothing, and never observed law, nor counsel of any one. He frequently dared law-abiding citizens, in the face, and threatened to "bore them through," if his whim, whatever it might be, was not granted.

The citizens and Vigilance Committee sent him word other he was sober that law and order should, and would be preserved, and if he did not abide by this rule, which is considered imperative by them, he would most suffer the consequences. Early this morning BLAKE and company were drunk—but dead drunk, but every drunk—and abused every one, calling them opprobrious names, and daring any one to come up. Papers were issued for his arrest, and the sheriff with his posse arrested the warrants for himself and others were torn up, and vengeance threatened against the court. Before other warrants could be drawn, he went to the office of the Judge and pulled him a —— of a ——, and said some people's eyes were numbered, and then abused the most respectable citizens among us. At 3:40 P. M. a company of about 250 men, all armed, marched from some place unknown to myself, up through Jackson-street and halted directly in front of the place in which BLAKE was.

A guard was put around the town, and also the building that Blake was then in. Business was suspended; crowds gathered, the fire in were full; old muskets and rifles plundered, and still no excitement prevailed. Guard of men could be seen in every direction, but hardly a word was spoken. Blue-tinted of the people knew nothing of this affair or what the men were about to do. The question could be asked in every street of each, "what is the row?" "Who is dead?" At 4:30 Blake was arrested and conducted to a place in the edge of the street, where, lo and behold, there stood before him and on a newly erected gallows, for this especial occasion. The hills and streets, for miles around, were thronged this night with soldiers with men, women and children. The crowd conducted him before the scaffold and asked him if he had anything to say before he would suffer death. All was quiet and still as death. Not a word could be heard from any one, except the cravings of the prisoner to see his wife.

About an hour previous to this a message had been dispatched to his ranch for Mrs. BLAKE, but this was not known to the committee, and, therefore, his request was not granted. He was made to mount the gallows and given ten minutes to say what he pleased. He cried for Judge DAVIS, lawyer BARNES and others. Judge DAVIS came forward and was asked by the prisoner to defend him, which he did in a strong language by the prisoner to plead with the people for an innocent man. The prisoner said if they would allow him to leave the country he would immediately do so, and go anywhere directed. Judge DAVIS told him it was not in his power to do anything to save him. Again and again he would ask time for his beloved wife to arrive. He said he had business matters to explain to her, and asked them for GOD's sake to grant him time for her arrival. His lips now trembled, his face was pale, and his whole frame was nervous. He was now certain his time had come.

The rope was placed about his neck, and his arms bound, and again he cried "For GOD's Almighty's sake, let me see my beloved wife!" Cries of "Let him see his wife" from every quarter were heard, and a rush to the gallows was looked for. Excitement now prevailed, and a general fight was anticipated. In an instant about three hundred guns were leveled on the crowd, and in an instant more everything was as still as the hush of midnight. The prisoner was still begging for mercy, but all to no purpose. Hence him they would, and hence he must die, while he was still asking for a few moments longer, and without his being blindfolded, the trap was sprung. The fall was thirty inches, and his boot toes touched the ground. After hanging for thirty-one minutes the rope was cut and the body conveyed to the Virginia Hotel.

The crowd still remained in the street, but not a word was said except by the aforementioned Marion Thompson, who swore vengeance against the perpetrators of this act. A demand for music was made, and after him, and marched him to the gallows where they were about to deal it out to him, but, by the interference of some men, he was let loose. He will probably be banished. At 5 o'clock, and before the corpse was laid out, Mrs. BLAKE arrived. She is an lady who bears an excellent character here, and is thought much of by all her acquaintances. When she rode in front of the Virginia Hotel she alighted, and was conducted to the room in which her dead husband lay, yet ignorant of the fact that he was dead. As soon as she saw the body she cried that God might punish the murderer, in open daylight, of her husband. Her feelings can better be imagined than described, and the sympathy of this community is with her. She asked a friend of BLAKE's why he did not pull out his pistol and kill him before he was hanged.

Thus endeth the life of one who might have been a useful member of society, and who might have been beloved by this and other communities.

Business is dull. The mines are only paying expenses. The cause is the unsettled state of the country, and the uncertainty of the outcome. Men are drifting, but the expense of taking out the dust is so great in winter, that but little is realized above expenses. When money is taken out, every one is flush, and business goes merrily on, but when expenses amount to as much as the same sum taken out, it is the reverse; therefore the cause of the stagnation of the times.

Many are already filing out for the Yellowstone. We hate to impose commission a profitable service in looking up by the commander, who is now in search of the richness of the Yellowstone, or Big Horn country, and a big stampede will be the result.

I hear of no new gulch discoveries above this country. Quartz leads are being found on every side, and are attracting great attention private from regard to their richness, and the values are fixed by those who are in ignorance. Enormous prices are asked and no sales made. In this gulch, exorbitant prices are asked for claims, and but few sold. A claim that is open cannot be bought for much less than the actual amount of it. Preparations are being made in every shape for a big thing at seven mile water is at for sluicing. At present, the trading community, merchants and others, are taking good and wear long faces. This is caused by the scarcity of dust. Those who have goods that would bring good prices, but goods that are in the market are not as firm as one might expect at this season of the year. Merchants are more anxious to sell than to hold.

There are already notices here of teamsters preparing to leave St. Louis with goods for this market. A rush and desire of people is expected, and many who have goods are anxious to clean out. Flour is selling at $25 per 100 lbs, meal at $25 per 100 lbs, and bacon—the market closed, to-day, on this most necessary article of grub—as there is no lard in the market—at 75c. Brooms are scarce; a dozen cannot be obtained at one house; butter is firm at $1 10 by the firkin; dried apples and peaches slow at fair, by the cent; canning, star, are in demand, and cannot be found at wholesale, and they will probably sell more by the box, at $1 25; coffee is not in firm as might be expected. It is scarce in this city, but the demand is not great. Rice is selling at retail for 10c., tea, plenty on sale at $2 and $2 25 by the order. Molasses is selling at $2 50 and of Tobacco is quite sale at wholesale. The best Glasgow brand, natural leaf, 75 c. Cigars, Cuban brands are dull. Cigars are low in market. Cigars, 5c to $10 per box. Nails, 30c. Iron and steel, 6c 10c; glass is in demand, and good sizes, 9x10, 10x12 and 12x16, can be wholesaled at $10 per 50 feet. Coal oil, $16; rifle powder, $2; rifle balls, $70 and $80 per case, and minors' boots, $13 and $15 per pair; cats, 20c, $1 50; cans, 30c, by the box, and cannot be wholesaled at that. Dried fruits are slow sale, at $30 per case; cats, 20c, canned, $1 per gallon; salt is now selling at $10c, per pound; buckets, $20 per dozen; rope, $1; twine, 50c, plain, with bannion, 37 and 50 each; shovels, Ames' spring point, California, 95 each; sluice forks, $4; axe handles, 50c by the dozen; shot, 30c, lead, 30c; whisky, plenty on sale and we demand best Cincinnati brands, Rye, $3; Bourbon, $3; Rum, $3 per gallon; Brandy, $3; Gin, $3 per gallon; ale is now selling at $3 per dozen; porter, $3 per dozen; wine, $3 per gallon; cigars, $3 per box; Cognac, $3 per gallon; Brandy, $3 per gallon; Gin, $3 per gallon; Rum, $3 per gallon; Whisky, $3 per gallon; Ale, $3 per dozen; Porter, $3 per dozen; Wine, $3 per gallon;

FINANCIAL.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS AND DEALERS
IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
No. 5 WALL-ST.
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES
U. S. 5-20 BONDS,
U. S. REGISTERED AND COUPON 6 PER CENT. BONDS,
U. S. 7-30 TREASURY NOTES,
U. S. ONE YEAR CERTIFICATES,
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS,
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' AND ORDNANCE VOUCHERS, the NEW U. S. FIVE PER CENT. LEGAL-TENDER NOTES, and all GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
Savings Banks and Bankers will find it advantageous at all times to receive desirable lots of these Securities in exchange on small commissions.
DEPOSITS received and COLLECTIONS made of Drafts on sight. STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.
U. S. 7-30 TREASURY NOTES converted into the 6 PER CENT. BONDS of 1881 on favorable terms.
FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS and DEALERS
in GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 5 WALL-ST.

TEN-FORTY LOAN.
SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK,
Authorized Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.
NEW-YORK, March 19, 1864.
By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, this Bank will receive subscriptions on account of
UNITED STATES BONDS,
issued under the act of March 3, 1862, bearing date March 1, 1864, redeemable at the pleasure of the Government after ten years, and payable twenty years from date, bearing interest at five per cent. a year, payable on bonds of one thousand dollars each, coupons attached, and on all other denominations in proportion.
Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon Bonds, as they prefer, and will be required to pay, in lawful money, the par value of the principal of the bonds, with the interest upon the sums thus paid in, from the date of deposit, to the first day of March, until the day of subscription, and interest at six per cent. will be paid, bearing interest from the date of deposit, without the payment of interest from the 1st of March, in coupons payable on the 1st of March and September, in each year, at the rate of five per cent. per annum.
Subscribers will be allowed to make payment at the Second National Bank, Cashier and Brokers.
HENRY A. HURLBUT, President.
T. S. Allen, Cashier.
Messrs. WM. & JOHN O'BRIEN, Bankers, No. 32 Wall-st., are authorized to receive subscriptions for this Bank.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
Capital, $1,000,000
By the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, this Bank will receive subscriptions for
TEN-FORTY NATIONAL LOAN,
issued under the act approved March 3, 1864.
THIS BANK
is authorized by the Act to receive Gold, Silver, Treasury Notes, Certificates of Deposit, Drafts, Checks, Bills of Exchange, Coupons, and all other Government Securities, in payment for its own and certified checks, and will receive Five per cent. per annum, compound interest, payable in coin. Subscriptions to the Loan will be made in lawful money of the United States, and the accrued interest added in coin or in Treasury Notes, at the option of the subscriber, and will be the same as a National Bank.
GEORGE OPDYKE, President.
E. G. Bogardus, Assistant Cashier.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY
AND ABROAD.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 63 Wall-st.,
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for travelers on all points of Europe, &c.

TEN-FORTY LOAN OF U. S.
FOURTH NATIONAL BANK,
No. 240 BROADWAY.
Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.
By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, this Bank will receive subscriptions for the TEN-FORTY FIVE PER CENT. GOLD-BEARING BONDS. A liberal commission will be allowed parties subscribing of this Bank.
JOHN E. DEVEL, Cashier. D. L. ROSS, President.

U. S. 10-40 FIVE PER CENT. LOAN.
CHANDLEY & HATCH, BANKERS,
No. 5 WALL-ST.,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENTS
for the above popular Loan, are prepared to receive subscriptions on the most favorable terms, and to furnish the Bonds and Certificates in the shortest possible time.
UNITED STATES SECURITIES of the various descriptions BOUGHT AND SOLD.
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD, BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS
AND
U. S. 5-20 GOVERNMENT LOAN AGENTS,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.
U. S. SECURITIES
of all Descriptions,
Purchased and for Sale.
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD
bought and sold on Commission.
COLLECTIONS MADE ON WASHINGTON and all other points of the United States and Canada at low rates and with quick returns.
7-30 TREASURY NOTES
converted into 1881 Bonds.
4 PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS made by Banks, Bankers and individuals, subject to draft at sight.

BLACK HAWK
GOLD MINING COMPANY.
MINES—BONTAIL, GREGORY, &c., LODES, GILPIN CO., COLORADO.
CAPITAL $2,000 SHARES, $100 EACH.
TRUSTEES.
P. H. JUDD, New-York.
W. L. LEE, Colorado.
ANTHONY ARNOUX, New-York.
C. ELLINS, New-York.
O. W. CHILDS, New-York.
J. E. WILLIAMS, New-York.
J. HALL SLEASANTS, Baltimore.
LEONARD SWEET, Washington.
MAJOR PIERCE, Boston.
President—P. H. JUDD.
Vice-President—W. L. LEE.
Treasurer—WALTER A. LAWTON.
Secretary—S. LITTLEJOHN.
Superintendent—JOHN WOODWARD.
General Director—MYRON LEE.
OFFICE NO. 25 OLIFF ST., NEW-YORK.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE MARIPOSA COMPANY.
Notice is hereby given, that a meeting of the Stockholders of the Mariposa Company will be held at the office of the said Company, No. 40 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on the 9th day of May next, at noon, for the purpose of deciding upon the increase and increase the amount of the capital stock of the said Company, by an addition of twenty thousand shares to the one hundred thousand shares already issued, making, with such increase, the capital of the Company consist of twenty thousand shares, at the par value of one hundred dollars a share, amounting, altogether, to twelve millions of dollars, in order that the floating debt of the company may be paid, and the mining and other resources of its estate may be more completely and expeditiously developed.
By order of the Board of Trustees.
JAMES HOY,
MORRIS PETCHUN,
GEORGE OPDYKE,
Majority of the Trustees.
NEW-YORK, April 11, 1864.

U. S. "10-40" LOAN.
Subscriptions received
by
LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.
One eighth per cent. commission allowed to Banks, Bankers and brokers.

TELEGRAPH AND EXPRESS STOCKS
Bought and sold by W. O. BUCHANAN,
No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.
Western Union Telegraph,
Independent Telegraph, } for sale.
United States Telegraph,

OFFICE OF THE WASHINGTON LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 92 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, April 22, 1864.
AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION, HELD this day, the following gentlemen were unanimously elected to hold office for three years:
CLERAON NEWBOLD,
JOHN F. MESSNER,
FREDERICK S. FOSTER,
FRANKLIN F. RANDOLPH,
FREDERICK TRACY,
WILLIAM H. ASPINWALL,
HENRY W. PARK,
BENJAMIN H. LAWRENCE,
THOMAS H. HALL,
ARIEL A. LOW,
GUSTAV SCHWAB,
WELLINGTON CLAPP,
MERRITT TRIMBLE,
FREDERICK WOOD,
GEORGE R. BABCOCK,
FRANCIS M. SCOTT.
At a subsequent meeting, the Board of Directors chose CLERAON NEWBOLD, Esq., President, and OLIVER H. LAWRENCE, Esq., Vice-President.
W. A. BREWER, Jr., Secretary.

AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, April 25, 1864.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual election for three trustees of this Company will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 4th day of May next, at the office, No. 142 Wall and William-sts., from 11 o'clock A. M. until 2 P. M. The transfer book is closed from this date until May 5.
NEW-YORK, April 25, 1864. R. BLISS, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE coupons due May 1 on the Mortgage Bonds of the Indianapolis and Lafayette Railroad Company, will be paid at the office of J. S. S. Peterson, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.
NEW-YORK, April 25, 1864. F. H. SMITH, President.

FOR SALE—$10,000, FIRST MORTGAGE ON improved property in first-class location near 4th-av., having five years to run, with good bondsman, bearing 7 per cent. interest. WM. RUSSELL, No. 69 William-st.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF
VERMILYE & CO., BANKERS,
NO. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
We are prepared to convert the U. S. 7-30 TREASURY NOTES into the 6 per cent. BONDS of 1881, with promptness, and on favorable terms.
Also, BUY and SELL, at market rates, all kinds of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, including
U. S. 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. 7-30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. 12 MOS. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. Two Year 5 per cent. LEGAL TENDER NOTES.
U. S. 6 per cent. COUPON and REGISTERED, of 1881.
MATURING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS collected or purchased. VERMILYE & CO.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
NO. 40 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND GOLD.
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Brokers' Board on commission. Mercantile collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

SIX PER CENT. BONDS OF THE CITY OF SYRACUSE.
CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, SYRACUSE, April 28, 1864.
Sealed proposals will be received at this office until SATURDAY, the 7th day of May, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the loan of $200,000 upon the bonds of the City of Syracuse, pursuant to the law passed by the Legislature March 18, 1864, and under the resolution passed by the Common Council April 11, 1864. Bonds to be of $500 each, bearing interest at six per cent., payable as follows, viz.: January 1, 1867, $3,000; January 1, 1868, $3,000; January 1, 1869, $2,000; January 1, 1870, $2,000; January 1, 1871, $2,000; January 1, 1872, $2,000; January 1, 1873, $2,000, with principal interest, payable July 1 and Jan. 1, at the Bank of the Commonwealth, in the City of New-York. Coupons due July 1, 1864, will be stamped "Interest due" at the time of payment. Bids should state the amount proposed to be paid for each one hundred dollars. The Common Council reserve the right to reject any or all bids not deemed for the interest of the city.
EDWARD R. BROWN, Clerk.

UNITED STATES 10-40 LOAN.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK, JERSEY CITY, May 2, 1864.
First National Bank of Jersey City, Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.
Messrs. O'BRIEN BROTHERS, bankers, No. 37 Wall-st., are hereby authorized to receive subscriptions for this Bank.
M. SANFORD, Cashier. J. S. FOX, President.

MINING STOCKS.
as well as all other kinds of securities, bought and sold at all the Stock Boards in New-York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, or elsewhere, on commission, by ALBERT H. NICOLAY, No. 52 William-st.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, April 16, 1864.
WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Eighth National Bank, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress entitled "An act to provide a National Currency secured by a pledge of United States Stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved February 25, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking;
Now, therefore, I, HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Eighth National Bank of the City of New-York, County of New-York, and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.
In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this 21st day of February, 1864.
(Signed.) HUGH McCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.

THE RHODE ISLAND MINING COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that the first meeting of the Rhode Island Mining Company will be held at the office of David S. Ogden, No. 6 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on MONDAY, the 9th day of May next, at 2 o'clock P. M., of said day, for the purpose of transacting such business as shall properly come before such meeting.
H. P. DUNCAN,
DAVID S. OGDEN,
Two of the persons named in the articles of association.
NEW-YORK, April 29, 1864.

TRANSFER OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY CO., No. 8 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, April 29, 1864.
THE PREFERRED STOCK BOOKS OF the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company will be closed on the 15th day of May next.
On all preferred Stock then issued and outstanding, a dividend of one and one-half per cent. will be paid on the first of June next.
Future dividend days on above stock will be semi-annually, on 1st of December and June.
By order of the Board.
JAMES B. YOUNG, Secretary.

ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND TERRE HAUTE RAILROAD CO.,
ST. LOUIS, April, 1864.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE BONDHOLDERS and Stockholders of this Company, for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them, will be held at Pres. Chrisler's, in Springfield, Illinois, on MONDAY, the 6th day of June, 1864, at 1 o'clock P. M. All the transfer books of the Company, both of bonds and stocks, will be closed on the 6th May until the 6th June, inclusive.
By order of the Board of Directors.
A. E. RALSTON, Secretary.

EAST RIVER INSURANCE COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, April 27, 1864.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this company, and for Inspectors of the next ensuing election, will be held at the office, No. 60 Wall-st., on MONDAY, the 9th day of May next. Poll open from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.
By order. W. R. UNDERHILL, Secretary.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, April 28, 1864.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE BOARD of stockholders of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of any other business that may come before them, will be held at the office of the Company in the City of Chicago, on THURSDAY, the 2d day of June, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M. WILLIAM B. OGDEN, President.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, will be held at the office of said company in Cleveland, on the 4th day of May, 1864, at 10 o'clock A. M., to vote upon the increase of the capital stock of said company, for the purpose of allowing the issue of bonds to be secured by said stock.
The transfer books will be closed on the 23d day of April, and open on the 6th day of May.
By order of the Board of Directors.
J. H. McCULLOUGH, President.
CLEVELAND, March 24, 1864.

EXCELSIOR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 126 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, April 21, 1864.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this company will be held at their office, on MONDAY, May 2, 1864. The poll will be opened at 12 o'clock Noon, and closed at 1 o'clock P. M. SAMUEL M. CRAFT, Secretary.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 4 BEAVER-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 17, 1864.
PERSONS OWNING OR REPRESENTING Steamers, Sailing Vessels, &c., are requested to enter into this office daily the names of all such vessels as they may wish to charter to the Government, or have freight for. Their tonnage, standing, rate of charter, &c., will be required.
STEWART VAN VLIET,
Major and Quartermaster.

OFFICE OF THE SARATOGA VALLEY LAND, SALT AND MINERAL COMPANY, No. 20 PINE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, April 27, 1864.
NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKholders of the Saratoga Valley Land, Salt and Mineral Company, for the election of Trustee for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, on TUESDAY, the 24 of May next. Polls to open at 12 M. and close at 2 P. M. JOHN C. MALLORY, Secretary.

NOTICE.—THE FOLLOWING COUPONS OF the First Mortgage Bonds of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company, for six each, due 1st of November, 1863, are presented to have been lost in transit, viz.: Bonds: Series A, Nos. 4,139, 4,140, 4,141, 4,142, 4,143. Series B, Nos. 4,144, 4,145, 4,146, 4,147, 4,148. The payment of these coupons and all others are hereby positively forbidden by order of the court.
HENRY JARES, No. 211 Pearl-st.

ELECTION.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF Everett owners of the New-York City Marble Company (Limited), for the purpose of electing five trustees for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of Messrs. E. TREADWELL'S SONS, Nos. 22 and 24 Washington-st., corner Harrison, on MONDAY, next, May 2, between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock. AARON BAKER, Sec.

BANK OF COMMERCE, IN NEW-YORK.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of this corporation will be held at the Banking-house, corner of Wall and Cedar sts., on MONDAY, May 2, at 12 o'clock.
M. P. VAIL, Cashier.

MANNING & DE FOREST, BANKERS
Maid Square, No. 194 Broadway, will remove to No. 22 Wall-st., May 1, and continue to deal in stocks, government securities, and transact general commission business.

CERTIFICATES FOR NEW-JERSEY
Gold, other Stocks, Bonds, &c., of Rockaway-st., Essex, No. 1, Rockaway, over Fort Stock.

THE COUPONS DUE ON THE MAY NEXT, on Scioto and Hocking Valley Railroad First Mortgage Bonds, (1 to 8 B. Larger bonds) will be paid by us on presentation. WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.

NOTICE.—THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED to pay cash for University Bonds of the State of Minnesota. F. B. GRAVES, No. 169 Chambers-st., N.Y.

FINANCIAL.

ROBINSON & OGDEN,
(Late with Fisk & Hatch,)
COMMISSION BROKERS,
No. 4 Broad-st., Two doors from Wall.
Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on commission.
Quartermasters' Checks and Government Vouchers bought, sold, and negotiated.
Subscriptions received for the New National 10-40 Loan.
Particular attention given to the collection of U. S. one year six per cent. Certificates of Indebtedness, and to the conversion of 7-3-10 Treasury Notes into U. S. 6 per cent. Bonds of 1881.
Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada, with prompt returns.
ARTHUR ROBINSON, L. G. OGDEN, Jr.
References:
New-York.
Fisk & Hatch, Bankers.
Bank of the Commonwealth.
Jay Cooke, & Co., Bankers.
E. S. Wheless & Co., Bankers.
Boston.
Hon. S. H. Walley, President of the Revere Bank.
Brewster, Sweet, & Co., Bankers.
WASHINGTON.
Hon. L. E. Chittenden, Register of the Treasury.
J. B. Hutchinson & Co., Bankers.

U. S. 10-40 BONDS
FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY,
BY
H. J. MESSENGER, Banker,
No. 189 BROADWAY, New-York.
¼ Commission allowed to Banks and Bankers.
U. S. 5-20 BONDS,
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
U. S. 6s of 1881, and all other U. S. SECURITIES bought and sold and furnished to order.
STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.
Accounts received from Banks, Bankers, and individuals.
Four per cent interest allowed on deposits subject to check at sight.

NOTICE.—TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY EASTERN DIVISION, formerly called the LEAVENWORTH, PAWNEE AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY, and all others whom it may concern: At a meeting of the Stockholders of the above named company, held at Leavenworth on the 6th and 8th days of April inst., the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:
Whereas, By the contract of four parts between this company, John C. Fremont, Hugh Steel & Co., and Edward Learned, approved by this meeting, large and valuable concessions of his interests as a stockholder have been made by said Fremont to promote the speedy completion of the road; and, whereas, it is probable that similar concessions may be agreed to by other stockholders; therefore,
Resolved, That the said Learned, as the financial agent of the company, be authorized and empowered to negotiate with the holders of such shares as are now or are interested in the stock of the company, for the transfer and delivery to him, as financial agent of each, and so much of said stock as such parties may be willing so to concede—to be by him used, disposed of or distributed, in like manner and for the same purposes, as is in said agreement provided with respect to the shares actually received by him by said instrument; and in consideration thereof, the said financial agent is authorized and empowered to mark and indorse upon the certificates of shares which may be retained by such shareholders, severally, or to which they may be entitled upon forfeiture, any such shares as shall such retained or so entitled, shares not full paid and not subject to assessment; provided that such marking or indorsement shall not be made as aforesaid in any case so as to apply or be of effect, to more shares in this company than shall be equal to twenty-five per cent. of the number of shares so transferred to the said financial agent in pursuance hereof by such shareholders respectively, and thereafter all such marked or indorsed certificates shall be deemed full paid for the number of shares so bressed in such indorsements respectively, and the stockholders holding the same, shall be exempt from further liability for the shares so marked or indorsed; and be it further
Resolved, That all authority in any person or party heretofore conferred to act as an agent or representative of this company, or claimed to be possessed by any person or party, is hereby revoked and rescinded, and all agencies or authority hereafter shall only be exercised by persons or parties specially authorized by resolution of the Executive Board of Directors, and that the Secretary be directed to give public notice of the revocation herein contained.
HENRY FOOTE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 66 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, April 1, 1864.
AT AN ELECTION OF THIS COMPANY, held the 30th ultimo, the following persons were chosen Directors, for the ensuing year, viz.:
Jas. Lee, Jr., Simeon Mason, John Steward,
Marius Le Lord, Peter Cooper, W. W. DeForest,
Thos. Beaver, Robt. B. Minturn, Jas. B. Johnson,
Richard Tight, Thos. W. Pearsall, Henry Ballin,
Henry Elsworth, James Gelles, Rich. Mortimer,
Jno. R. Ward, Jas. Bogardus, R. R. Stevens,
A. D. Morgan, John Caswell, Ed. J. Woolsey.
And at a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, W. P. PALMER, Esq., was unanimously reflected President.
ANDREW J. SMITH, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL persons concerned, that a sale has been reported to the Circuit Court of the United States, for the Southern District of Ohio, by the Central Ohio Railroad Company to the Steubenville and Indiana Railroad Company of the undivided half of the line of its road between Columbus and Newark, pursuant to the act of the General Assembly of the State of Ohio in such cases, and that the same will stand confirmed by the court at the next term thereof, unless exceptions be filed on or before the first day of June next. By order of the court.
H. J. JEWETT, Receiver of C. C. R. R. Co.
ZANESVILLE, O., April 22, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE O. W. R. CO. OF 1863.
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 20, 1864.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Great Western Railway Company of 1863, will be held at the office of the company, at Springfield, Ill., on the second THURSDAY of May next, for the election of three Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may be necessary.
WM. R. CORNEAU, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago Railroad Company will pay at the agency of the Company, No. 40 Exchange-place, in the City of New-York, on the 20th day of April 1864, the balance of the coupons due on interest at 10 per cent., and required by a mortgage to Charles P. Kimball and Morris K. Jesup, trustees, and that of the first date interest on the said bonds will cease.
J. E. JESUP & CO.
St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago R. R. Co.
NEW-YORK, March 22, 1864.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD COMPANY,
Connecticut av., Ad Sin-sts.,
PRESIDENT'S OFFICE, April 11, 1864.
THE NEXT ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this company will be held at Bryant's Hall, in the City of New-Haven, on THURSDAY, the 26th of May next, at 11 o'clock A. M. The transfer books will remain closed until the day of the meeting.
GEO. B. CARBART, President.

OFFICE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 297 BROADWAY, CITY,
NEW-YORK, April 27, 1864.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS will take place at the room of the company, on MONDAY, the 9th of May, from 12 to 1 o'clock P. M.
The transfer books will be closed from 28th inst.
A. W. SHELDON, Secretary.

BANK OF AMERICA.—THE STOCKHOLDERS for the Bank of America are hereby notified that the annual election of Directors will be held at the banking house, on MONDAY, the 2d day of May next, to commence at 12 o'clock and continue open until 2 P. M.
The transfer book will remain closed from the 23d day of April until the morning of May 3.
WM. H. JENKINS, Cashier.

SIX SHARES OF THE AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY STOCK for sale by A. H. MULLER, J. S. WILKIE & CO., No. 58 Pine-st.

FINANCIAL.

E. G. GILBERT, late Paying-Teller Bank of the Republic.
F. S. ENTZ, late with Messrs. Winslow, Lanier & Co.
GILBERT & ENTZ,
STOCKS, BONDS,
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, AND GOLD,
Bought and Sold at the Board of Brokers.
Nos. 37 Exchange-place and 19 Broad-st.
References: Bank of the Republic; Messrs. Winslow, Lanier & Co.; Messrs. Brown, Brothers, Crane & Co.; Messrs. H. K. Corning, Son & Co.

THE NEW ISSUE OF
ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE SCRIP,
PACIFIC MUTUAL INSURANCE SCRIP,
UNION MUTUAL INSURANCE SCRIP,
GREAT WESTERN MARINE INSURANCE SCRIP,
Purchased by
WM. C. GILMAN, No. 49 Pine-st.

KNICKERBOCKER FIRE INS. CO.,
OFFICE, No. 64 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
At a meeting of the Directors of this company, on the 26th inst., Mr. B. D. SKIDMORE (formerly of the Howard Insurance Co.) was unanimously elected Secretary.
GEO. HODGSDON, President.

No. 52 EXCHANGE-PLACE, April 29, 1864.
WE ARE PREPARED TO ISSUE, FOR MESSRS. GEORGE PEABODY & CO., TRAVELING CREDITS available in all the PRINCIPAL CITIES OF GREAT BRITAIN, the CONTINENT and the EAST.
BILLS ON LONDON at three days' sight, sixty days' sight, or seventy-five days' date, for sale in sums to suit purchasers.
J. PIERPONT MORGAN & CO.

OFFICE OF THE DUBUQUE AND SIOUX CITY R. R. CO.,
M. K. JESUP & CO., TRANSFER AGENTS,
No. 40 Exchange-place, corner Broad-st.,
NEW-YORK, April 16, 1864.
THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THE DUBUQUE & SIOUX CITY RAILROAD COMPANY will be closed in the Cities of Dubuque, and New-York, on the 28th inst., and remain closed until the 10th day of May next, inclusive.
GEO. D. LAWRENCE, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF MARIPOSA COMPANY,
No. 36 WALL-ST.,
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE transfer books of the Mariposa Company will be closed on and after SATURDAY next, the 30th inst., and until the 10th day of May next, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day. By order of the Board.
JOHN WATT, Sec.
NEW-YORK, April 28, 1864.

NOTICE.—THE FIRST MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Copper Creek Mining Company will be held at No. 1 Park-place, in this City, on MONDAY, the 2d day of May next, at 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of completing the organization adopting by-laws and transacting such other business as may come before the meeting.
JAMES O. BARGENT,
DAVID B. TURNER,
Two of the persons named in the Articles of Association.

OFFICE ST. CROIX AND LAKE SUPERIOR RAILROAD COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, April 26, 1864.
THE COUPONS OF THIS COMPANY DUE on the first day of May, will be paid by the New-York National Exchange Bank.
A. P. BERTHOUD, President.

OFFICE OF THE MANHATTAN FIRE INS. COMPANY,
No. 68 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, April 26, 1864.
THE BOOKS OF SUBSCRIPTION FOR the increase of the Capital Stock of this Company will be opened at this Office on the 3d May and closed on the 16th.
By order,
ANDREW J. SMITH, Secretary.

BANK OF NEW-YORK, April 28, 1864.
BANK OF NEW-YORK.—THE ANNUAL election for Directors and three Inspectors of Election of this Bank, will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, 10th May next, from 12 to 1 o'clock, P. M. The Transfer Books will be closed from 4th to 10th, May, inclusive.
W. B. MEEKER, Cashier.

NOTICE.—TO THE MEMBERS OF THE OPEN Board of Stock Brokers.—The first meeting of the above Board will be held in the Merchants' Exchange, Broad-st., on MONDAY, May 2, 1864, at 1 o'clock, P. M.
J. B. HARD, President.

TO CAPITALISTS.—THE SUBSCRIBER WILL sell 1,000 shares of stock in the American Petroleum Gold Mining Company, for 25 per share. A report of the financial affairs of the company can be had at their office, No. 12 Pine-st. C. P. SYKES, No. 12 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—HALF OF A SHARE IN A CLAIM in the oil region. Inquire at No. 31 Park-row, Room No. 10.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
The copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of LOOMIS L. WHITE & CO. is dissolved by mutual consent.
New-York, May 2, 1864.
LOOMIS L. WHITE,
HENRY B. KEEN,
WILLIAM C. DORMIN.

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned have this day formed a limited partnership, pursuant to the laws of the State of New-York, for the purpose of carrying on the business of stock commission brokers in the City of New-York, under the name and firm of KEEN, DORMIN & CO.
That the general nature of the business intended to be transacted is the buying and selling of stocks, bonds and other securities on commission.
That the names of all the general and special partners interested in such partnership are HENRY B. KEEN, WILLIAM C. DORMIN, FRANKLIN W. GILLEY, Jr., and LOOMIS L. WHITE.
That HENRY B. KEEN, who resides in the City of Brooklyn, and State of New-York, WILLIAM C. DORMIN, who resides in the City of New-York and State of New-York, and FRANKLIN W. GILLEY, Jr., who resides in the City of New-York and State of New-York, are the general partners.
That LOOMIS L. WHITE, who resides in Flushing, Queens County, and State of New-York, is the special partner.
That the amount of capital which said special partner has contributed to the common stock is an actual cash payment of fifty thousand dollars.
That the said partnership commences the second day of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and will terminate on the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.
Dated at the City of New-York, May 2, 1864.
HENRY B. KEEN,
WILLIAM C. DORMIN,
FRANKLIN W. GILLEY, Jr.,
LOOMIS L. WHITE.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned, members existing under the firm of JAUKSON & PURDY, in this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. GEORGE A. JACKSON retiring. Mr. EDWARD H. PURDY, late partner, will sign the name of the firm in liquidation, and will continue the business at the old stand, No. 447 Broadway.
GEORGE A. JACKSON,
NEW-YORK, May 1, 1864. EDWARD H. PURDY.

The undersigned takes pleasure in informing his friends and the public that he has secured the services of his late partner, Mr. JACKSON, when in Europe, for the purchasing of his goods, which he will keep on hand to offer everything real in style, selections and quality, that appears in the English and French markets, inducements unavailable by any other house in the trade.
EDWARD H. PURDY,
No. 447 Broadway.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP HALLENBECK & THOMAS, is dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. John Thomas retiring. The business will be settled by the new firm of WYNCOOP, HALLENBECK & THOMAS.
M. B. WYNCOOP,
J. J. HALLENBECK,
JOHN THOMAS.
NEW-YORK, April 30, 1864.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership, under the firm of WYNCOOP & HALLENBECK, for the transaction of a general Book, Job and Newspaper Printing Business, at the old stand of Wynkoop, Hallenbeck & Thomas, No. 102 Fulton-st.
M. B. WYNCOOP,
J. J. HALLENBECK.
NEW-YORK, April 30, 1864.

THE FIRM OF GEO. MANLEY & CO. IS this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either party will sign in liquidation.
GEO. MANLEY,
WASHN. MANLEY.

COPARTNERSHIP.—WASHINGTON MANLEY and FRED. A. HAYNES have this day formed a copartnership, and will continue the stock commission business at No. 20 William-st.
WASHN. MANLEY,
F. A. HAYNES.
NEW-YORK, May 2, 1864.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name of H. A. MILLER & CO. is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.
HORACE A. MILLER,
JONA. MYERS.
NEW-YORK, April 30, 1864.
NOTICE.—The subscribers will continue the business under the firm name of H. A. MILLER & CO.
HORACE A. MILLER,
ALBERT A. MILLER.
NEW-YORK, April 30, 1864.

DISSOLUTION.—THE FIRM OF KEYSER & DERRIEIN, Carpenters and Builders, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. JOHN KEYSER will settle all claims of the late firm.—New-York, April 29, 1864.
JOHN KEYSER,
WM. R. DERRIEIN.
The undersigned will continue the business at No. 189 4th-st.
WM. R. DERRIEIN.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership under the firm of MILLS, KNICKERBACKER & CO., for the transaction of a stock commission business, at No. 17 Wall-st.
JOSEPH G. MILLS,
HENRY KNICKERBACKER,
CHARLES F. CURRIE.
NEW-YORK, April 30, 1864.

COPARTNERSHIP.—THE UNDERSIGNED have this day entered into copartnership under the firm of
SCHLICHER, WALKINSHAW & CO.,
for the transaction of an importing and commission business in dry goods, in this City, at No. 102 Duane-st.
NEW-YORK, May 2, 1864.
H. A. SCHLICHER,
H. C. WALKINSHAW,
H. VON KELLER.

SAMUEL H. PENDEXTER AND WILLIAM LUMMIS have an interest in our business from this date. We have removed our office to No. 45 Wall-st., opposite Hanover-st.
WM. & JNO. O'BRIEN.
NEW-YORK, May 2, 1864.

THE FIRM OF MAXWELL & CO. IS this day dissolved, by limitation.
C. L. MAXWELL,
W. H. MARSTON.
NOTICE.—MR. JULES RILLIET, BY MUTUAL agreement, has retired from our firm.
NEW-YORK, May 1, 1864. A. O. ROSSIRE & CO.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE.
OFFICE OF BRIG.-GEN. RUCKER, CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 25, 1864.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office, until 12 o'clock, M., on MONDAY, the 9th day of May next, for furnishing the following articles:
Hay, Oats, Corn, Straw, and Bedding.
Bids will be received for the delivery of a portion of the articles, and for any or all of the articles named.
Bidders must state at which of the above-named places they propose to make deliveries, and the rates at which they will make deliveries thereon, the quantity of each article proposed to be delivered, the time when said deliveries shall be commenced, and when to be completed.
The price must be written out in words on the bids.
Corn to be put up in good strong sacks, of about two bushels each. Oats in the sacks, of about three bushels each. The sacks to be returned without extra charge to the Government. The hay and straw to be securely baled.
The particular kind or description of oats, corn, hay or straw, proposed to be delivered, must be stated in the proposals.
All the articles offered under the bids herein invited, will be subject to a rigid inspection by the Government Inspector before being accepted.
Contracts will be awarded from time to time to the lowest responsible bidder, as the interest of the Government may require, and payment will be made when the whole amount contracted for shall have been delivered and accepted.
The bidder will be required to accompany his proposal with a guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, that in case his bid is accepted he or they will within ten days thereafter, execute the contract for the same, with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to deliver the forage proposed in conformity with the terms of this advertisement; and in case the said bidder should fail to enter into the contract, they to make good the difference between the offer of

RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.
Passenger trains leave Pier No. 1 North River, foot of Chambers-st., through to Dunkirk, Ohio, without change, running through without change to all principal points in the West. The road is being equipped and will soon be in complete running order, from Dunkirk, Ohio, to Chicago, Ill., by the month of August.
H. F. SWERINGEN, General Superintendent.
T. E. GEORGE, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

NEW-YORK & FLUSHING RAILROAD.
Trains leave Flushing at 6, 8, 10 A. M., 2, 4, 6 P. M. Leave New-York at 7, 9 A. M., 12 M., 3, 5 P. M. On SUNDAYS at 8 A. M. and 4 P. M. Leave Flushing at 11 A. M. and 3 P. M. Fare 25 cents.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—Leave New-York, Fulton-slip and Brooklyn, Hicks, foot Montague-st. Bay Harbor and Long Island Sound at 7 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. For Islip, Babylon and Patchogue at 8 A. M. For Sag Harbor at 3 P. M. For Greenport 7:30 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. (Sleeper connect for Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Huntington.) For Port Jefferson and Winfield at 8, 12:30 A. M. and 3:30 and 5:30 P. M.
Sunday excursion train leaves foot of East River, at 8:30 A. M., for Riverhead, stopping at all stations. Excursion tickets for this train at reduced rates.
THOS. H. PARSONS, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS leave foot of Chambers-st.
7 A. M.—Express for Dunkirk.
8:30 A. M.—Mail, for Dunkirk.
12 M.—Express, daily, for Dunkirk, stopping at intermediate stations.
4:30 P. M.—Express, daily, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.
6 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk. Buffalo, Chicago, St. Louis, &c. The train of Sat. day does not run to Dunkirk.
CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—The steamboat J. P. BEERS will leave the foot of Montgomery-st. EVERY AFTERNOON, (except Sundays), at 4 o'clock, connecting at Port Monmouth with trains for Middletown, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Squankum, Freehold, Manasquan and Point Pleasant. Returning, leave Manasquan at 6 A. M., and Long Branch at 7:30 A. M., arriving in New-York at 12:30 P. M. A freight train, with passenger car attached, leaves Port Monmouth every morning at 7 o'clock. Freight received on the pier.
CHAS. E. REYMOUR, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.—Trains leave Chambers-st.
FROM CHAMBERS-ST. FROM THIRTEENTH-ST.
Express, 3 and 4 A. M. and 7:22, 10:30 A. M. and 3:30 and 6:30 P. M. 3 and 4 P. M.
Express for Albany, Troy, North and West, (with sleeping cars), 10:45 P. M.
Sleeping car at 10:45 P. M.
On SUNDAYS, at 5:30 P. M., from 2d-st.

ALLENTOWN ROUTE TO THE WEST.—Lines of travelling by her or Reading will find this the shortest and best route. There is but one change of cars between New-York and Chicago or Cincinnati, and only two to St. Louis. Office, No. 271 Broadway, corner Chambers-st.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 7, 8, 9 A. M., 2:15 P. M. (Sundays, 4:30 P. M.), and for Nyack at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. The 9:15 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. trains to Nyack and Piermont only. THOS. W. DEHAREST, Supt.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD.—Leave Albany, Troy, North and West, leave 2d-st. depot at 10 A. M. and 5:30 P. M. Sundays, 4:30 P. M.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.
OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS, No. 32 CHAMBERS-ST., New-York, Jan. 8, 1864.
Notice is hereby given that the ASSESSMENT ROLLS of REAL ESTATE and PERSONAL ESTATE in the City and County of New-York, for the year 1864, will be open for the inspection and review from after MONDAY, Jan. 11, 1864, and will remain open till the 20th day of April, 1864, for the correction of errors and the equalization of the assessments of the aforesaid real and personal estate of the City and County of New-York, as may be found to exist in themselves to be aggrieved, upon MAKE application to the Commissioners during the period above mentioned, in order to obtain the relief provided by law. The Act of 1859 provides that "During the time the books shall be open for review, any person considering himself aggrieved by the assessment of his real or personal estate, to have the same corrected, if such application shall be made to the Commissioners of Taxes, for the ground of objection thereto, and thereupon the Commissioners shall hear the complaint, and if, in their judgment, the assessment is erroneous, they shall change the same to be corrected. If such application be in relation to the personal property, it shall be examined under oath by the said Commissioners, who shall be authorized to administer such oath, or any of them; and if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Commissioners that the assessment is erroneous, they shall cause the same to be corrected, and fix the amount of such assessment as they may believe to be just, and declare their decision thereon within thirty days after such application shall have been made to them. No reduction shall be made by the Board of Supervisors of any assessment on real and personal estate imposed under this act, unless it shall appear, and by oath or affirmation, that the party so aggrieved was unable to attend within the period prescribed for the correction of taxes, by reason of sickness or absence from the City.
A. J. WILLIAMSON, J. W. ALLEN, J. W. BROWN, } Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—NOTICE IS hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims or demands against the estate of JOHN TAYLOR, late of Albany, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the administrators of the goods, chattels and credits of said deceased, at the office of JOHN TAYLOR'S SONS, No. 123 Broadway, Albany, or No. 52 Greenwich-st., New-York, on or before the 1st day of November next.—Dated Albany, this 28th day of April, A. D., 1864.
J. E. TAYLOR, J. B. TAYLOR, WM. H. TAYLOR, } Administrators.

CITY INSPECTOR'S DEPARTMENT, New-York, April 29, 1864.
THE UNDERSIGNED, CITY INSPECTOR, calls the attention of Ferry Masters, Railroad Conductors, Steamboat Captains, and all others connected with transportation from this City, to their liability to a fine of $250 for carrying out of the City the body of any person who shall have died within the City, without first obtaining a permit from this Department, whether such deceased person shall have died within the City, or whether the body shall have arrived within the City. Strict attention to this notice will save a violation of the City ordinances in this respect will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.
FRANCIS L. SOOLE, City Inspector.

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS OF THE COMMON COUNCIL will meet every Thursday, during the present week, in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, at 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of receiving communications from persons intending to go forward for the purpose of recruiting. Also, to make suitable arrangements to give those already arrived, and about to depart for the seat of war, a proper reception. Commodore Vanderbilt and other gentlemen have promised to be present. Where time is about to expire, or otherwise urgent, persons can call on the Clerk, Mr. Lozier, who will forward to the Chairman, or Secretary, in the Mayor's Office, No. 6 City Hall.
JOHN HARDY, Chairman.
R. W. TAYLOR, Secretary.

THE COMMITTEE ON MARKETS OF the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 6 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY, Councilman SCHAEFER, Councilman MOSES, Committee on Markets.

THE COMMITTEE ON DONATIONS AND Charities of the Board of Councilmen, will meet SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, M., in Room No. 6 City Hall.
All parties having business before the Committee, are requested to attend.
SAMUEL T. WEBSTER, WM. S. GRIFFIN, JOHN BRICK, Committee on Donations and Charities.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M., All parties having business with the committee are requested to attend.
GEORGE McGRATH, JEREMIAH SETTERNAN, CHARLES WILEY, Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF THE Board of Councilmen will meet on WEDNESDAYS, at 4 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 6 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK H. KERRAN, PATRICK RUSSELL, MICHAEL BROPHY, Committee on Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON CLEANING STREETS of the Board of Councilmen will meet on MONDAYS, at 4 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 6 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY, Councilman KOSTER, Councilman HAVILAND, Committee on Cleaning Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON CROTON AQUEDUCT of the Board of Councilmen will meet on SATURDAYS, at 4 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 6 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HEALY, Councilman SEFFERMAN, Councilman FITZGERALD, Committee on Croton Aqueduct.

THE COMMITTEE ON SALARIES AND Offices of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock, P. M.
All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.
CHARLES RILEY, MICHAEL G. GROSS, JOHN BRICK, Committee on Salaries and Offices.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Councilmen will hold a meeting in Room No. 6 City Hall on every WEDNESDAY, at 4 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK RUSSELL, MICHAEL BROPHY, WM. JOYCE, } Committee on Roads.

PRINTING.

CHEAPEST PRINTER IN THE WORLD.—BUSINESS CARDS, INCLUDING CARDS, $1 per 1,000. Billheads, $2 per 1,000. Circulars in large capital letters, $2 single for 1,000, and labels 40 cents. ALL KINDS OF BOOK, JOB AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING equally cheap. E. R. DAWLEY'S new establishment, No. 15 Frankfort, opposite the Astor House.

SHIPPING.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

QUEEN—building	3,600	.....
ERIN—building	3,200	.....
ONTARIO—building	3,200	.....
HELVETIA—building	3,200	.....
LOUISIANA	3,000	Smallie.
VIRGINIA	3,000	Grace.
PENNSYLVANIA	3,000	Hastings.

Berthing for Pier No. 45, East River, as follows:
VIRGINIA ..... Saturday, April 30.
PENNSYLVANIA ..... Saturday, May 7.
LOUISIANA ..... Saturday, May 14.
WESTERNERS ..... Saturday, May 21.
AND EVERY ALTERNATE SATURDAY THEREAFTER.
The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed and the rates lower than by any other line.
SALOON PASSAGE to Liverpool—$100, or $95 in Currency, according to the accommodation in State-rooms, but passengers having equal privileges in the Saloon.
THIRD-CLASS PASSAGE to Liverpool—$35 in Currency.
The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading (having their value expressed therein) are signed therefor.
For freight or passage, apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL.—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well-known Steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:
CITY OF BALTIMORE ..... Saturday ..... April 30
EDINBURGH ..... Saturday ..... May 7
CITY OF WASHINGTON ..... Saturday ..... May 14
and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.
First Cabin ..... $80 | Steerage $30
First Cabin to London ..... 85 | Steerage to London 34
First Cabin to Paris ..... 95 | Steerage to Paris 40
First Cabin to Hamburg ..... 90 | Steerage to Hamburg 37
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.
Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $80, $100; Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.
For further information apply at the Company's Office.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.
The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. A. H. Leckie, will sail for the above ports, from this Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on
SATURDAY, 23d of April. SATURDAY, 21st of May.
Passage money to Nassau $45
Passage money to Havana 50
Payable in gold or its equivalent.
No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.
The Elegant Steamship
MEXICO,
J. S. Clarke, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 42, North River, for Havana direct, on SATURDAY, MAY 7, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely. No freight received on the day of lading nor after 3 P. M. on the day of sailing.
For freight or passage apply to
LUDLAM HEINEKEN & CO., No. 115 Broadway.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP AUSTRALASIAN.—The Cunard steamship AUSTRALASIAN, Capt. Cook, commander, will sail from the stream on WEDNESDAY, MAY 11, 1864. A steamboat will ply between the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, and the AUSTRALASIAN, from 12:30 to 1:30 P. M., to convey passengers and baggage on board. None but passengers can be taken on board. The SCOTIA will sail 18th May.
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.—THE NEW United States Mail steamship GEORGE LAW, Capt. Foye, will leave Pier No. 3 North River on THURSDAY, May 12, at 3 o'clock P. M. Passage, with unsurpassed accommodation, $40. No bills of lading signed on day of sailing. Apply to
CROMWELL & CO., No. 38 West-st.

MEDICAL.

ONE DISEASE REMEDY—FOR EXTERNAL USE ONLY.
BROWNLEE & COX'S
Glandular Discovery of the Age, a cure for NEURALGIA.
This remedy is the only one that has ever been discovered for the cure of Tic-Doloreaux or Neuralgia. When this is in the face, one application effects a permanent cure.
SPINAL DISEASES.
Two Bottles will cure nine-tenths of Spinal Diseases, being the result of Neuralgia. One application will cure nervous irritation of the spine.
NERVOUS RHEUMATISM.
One Bottle will cure nervous rheumatism.
PARALYTIC LIMBS.
Three Bottles will cure paralysis when confined only to a single limb, when not produced by apoplexy or the use of mercury.
Advice to patients gratuitous, except when waited upon at their residence. Address PROPRIETORS, at their Laboratory, Mariner's Harbor, Staten Island, N. Y.
For sale wholesale and retail: BARNES & CO., No. 21 Park-row, New-York. Price $2 per bottle.

DR. HUMPHREY'S
SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES
have been ten years before the public, and are used by thousands of families, and are everywhere commended for their simplicity, efficacy, and great comparative value. A full case, with a large family book of directions, is sent free of expense to any address, (on receipt of money, viz.: No. 1, $1; No. 2, $1; No. 3, $1; No. 4, $1; No. 5, $1; No. 6, $1; No. 7, $1; No. 8, $1; No. 9, $1; No. 10, $1; No. 11, $1; No. 12, $1; No. 13, $1; No. 14, $1; No. 15, $1; No. 16, $1; No. 17, $1; No. 18, $1; No. 19, $1; No. 20, $1; No. 21, $1; No. 22, $1; No. 23, $1; No. 24, $1; No. 25, $1; No. 26, $1; No. 27, $1; No. 28, $1; No. 29, $1; No. 30, $1; No. 31, $1; No. 32, $1; No. 33, $1; No. 34, $1; No. 35, $1; No. 36, $1; No. 37, $1; No. 38, $1; No. 39, $1; No. 40, $1; No. 41, $1; No. 42, $1; No. 43, $1; No. 44, $1; No. 45, $1; No. 46, $1; No. 47, $1; No. 48, $1; No. 49, $1; No. 50, $1; No. 51, $1; No. 52, $1; No. 53, $1; No. 54, $1; No. 55, $1; No. 56, $1; No. 57, $1; No. 58, $1; No. 59, $1; No. 60, $1; No. 61, $1; No. 62, $1; No. 63, $1; No. 64, $1; No. 65, $1; No. 66, $1; No. 67, $1; No. 68, $1; No. 69, $1; No. 70, $1; No. 71, $1; No. 72, $1; No. 73, $1; No. 74, $1; 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No. 924, $1; No. 925, $1; No. 926, $1; No. 927, $1; No. 928, $1; No. 929, $1; No. 930, $1; No. 931, $1; No. 932, $1; No. 933, $1; No. 934, $1; No. 935, $1; No. 936, $1; No. 937, $1; No. 938, $1; No. 939, $1; No. 940, $1; No. 941, $1; No. 942, $1; No. 943, $1; No. 944, $1; No. 945, $1; No. 946, $1; No. 947, $1; No. 948, $1; No. 949, $1; No. 950, $1; No. 951, $1; No. 952, $1; No. 953, $1; No. 954, $1; No. 955, $1; No. 956, $1; No. 957, $1; No. 958, $1; No. 959, $1; No. 960, $1; No. 961, $1; No. 962, $1; No. 963, $1; No. 964, $1; No. 965, $1; No. 966, $1; No. 967, $1; No. 968, $1; No. 969, $1; No. 970, $1; No. 971, $1; No. 972, $1; No. 973, $1; No. 974, $1; No. 975, $1; No. 976, $1; No. 977, $1; No. 978, $1; No. 979, $1; No. 980, $1; No. 981, $1; No. 982, $1; No. 983, $1; No. 984, $1; No. 985, $1; No. 986, $1; No. 987, $1; No. 988, $1; No. 989, $1; No. 990, $1; No. 991, $1; No. 992, $1; No. 993, $1; No. 994, $1; No. 995, $1; No. 996, $1; No. 997, $1; No. 998, $1; No. 999, $1; No. 1000, $1.

DENTISTRY.

ANÆSTHETIC NITROUS OXIDE.
Being acknowledged by scientific men to be the only agent by use of which death can be extracted without pain or injurious results, those who desire a painless operation are invited to call on Dr. HOTT, Dentist, Office No. 307 Broadway, near 30th-st.
N. B.—In order to furnish sufficient accommodations for his very extensive practice, Dr. HOTT has leased the four-story building, No. 308 Broadway, next door to which he will remove May 1.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

MARINE CORPS.
NEW-YORK COUNTY VOLUNTEER COMMITTEE.
OFFICE, NEW BUILDINGS,
CORNER CHAMBERS-ST. AND BROADWAY.

5,000 RECRUITS WANTED
FOR THE NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.

COUNTY BOUNTY OF $75 AND $100 CASH DOWN FOR SAILORS,
AND
$100 FOR MARINES AND FREE MONEY.

THE UNITED STATES AUTHORITIES HAVING, in order to fill up the navy and Marine Corps authorized the raising of recruits for the service, and guaranteed that recruits for the navy and Marine Corps shall be credited on the quotas of the place where they enlist, to be credited the same as if they were recruits for the Army, the County Volunteer Committee have resolved to pay recruits for the navy and Marine Corps the following bounty, cash down, upon their being mustered into the service:
When enlisting for one year in the navy $100
When enlisting for more than one year in the navy $200
ANY PERSON BRINGING A RECRUIT FOR THE NAVY OR MARINE CORPS TO THIS OFFICE WILL RECEIVE A COUNTY PREMIUM OF $50.
MAJ. ROBERT G. A. MARINE BOARD.

Grade.

First or Orderly Sergeant	$30 per month.
All other Sergeants, each	17 per month.
Corporals	13 per month.
Drummers and Fifers	13 per month.
Privates in Barracks at Navy-yard	13 per month.
Privates at Sea	14 50 per month.

Recruits for military service, who will be shipped for five years, will receive, in addition to the above bounty of $100, three months' pay in advance, and three months' extra pay as Government county.
The rates of wages are as follows:

First class Firemen	$35 per month.
Second-class Firemen	25 per month.
Coal-passers	25 per month.
Seamen	25 per month.
Ordinary Seamen	14 per month.
Landsmen	12 per month.
Boys	10 per month.

Boys will not be taken unless they are sixteen years of age, sober, in good health, and not below four feet eight inches in height, without the consent of the parents or guardians must be first obtained.
The county bounty and the three months' advance pay will be paid to all recruits, irrespective of class; and half-monthly pay can be had at home by application to the Paymasters of the vessels to which the recruits

HORTICULTURAL HALL.

By an accident in our report of the exciting trot of the Union-Course last Wednesday, one heat, viz: the 5th, was left out both in the body of the report and in the summary. Although this did not affect the result of the race, it is necessary for future reference, to rectify the omission; we therefore, append the corrected summary and a report of the omitted heat:

WEDNESDAY.

Union Course, Wednesday, April 27.—Purse of $600 mile heats, best 3 in 5, in wagons.

Dan Pennoyer, b. m. Lady Richmond	1	2	2	1	1
Dan Mace's b. g. Wonderful	2	1	1	2	2
Mr. Vanderpoel's b. m. Molly Pitcher	Dr.				
Time (twice) 2:38—2:45½—2:39—2:40½—2:41 Half mile (twice) 1:18—1:22½—1:16½—1:20½. Quarter mile, 40½ a.—40½ a.—41 a.—41½ a.—42½ a.					

Fifth Heat.—Three to one was offered on the mare, many of the friends of the horse betting their best endeavors to commemorate their bets—among them, his driver. The mare had a shade the best of the start, but on making the turn they were locked together. At the quarter pole Dunham broke, which gave the mare the lead; but at the three-quarters she slackened her pace, and the horse went by to her, and a fine, half-mile heat they cleared up for the usual frolick. The mare, however, broke again inside the distance, and finished some home an easy winner.

Trouble for Another Russian Counts.

A youth who gave his name as FREDERICK RICHARD GOLOZ, who said he claimed to be a Russian Count, had for some time past afforded pleasure to, excited the envy and attracted the attention of certain circles in town. He is a fair, good-looking fellow of some twenty-three years. Has been giving suppers, parties, and masquerades, at his boarding-house and has worn a regular star on one of our most fashionable promenades. His lady friends acknowledged his fascination, and his gay life and his means. But, some upon a time, his employers, in William-st., discovered that sundry papers due them had never reached their hands. Most strangely, of the Metropolitan Detective Force, was called upon to elucidate. He devoted several days and his sagacity to the subject, and this morning had Mr. Stoner calling on the Count on Friday last, in the steamers and conveying him to the station house building in Mulberry-street. Where many mysteries completely fled their way. The Count made a clean breast to STONER of the matter. Some $600 or $700 had been appropriated since January. Among the friends who visited the youth, was a dashing notability, well known to the police and the public. The former had represented himself as a member of the firm in whose employ he was, and the surprise of the family, of whom he was an hanger, on the discovement, was unbounded, while to the shay who had shared his funds it was a source of grief.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

A Runaway Round.—FREDERICK BOHR, a sol[illegible] recently returned from the war, took lodgings [illegible] No. 109 Wooster-street, and while asleep in his room, on Saturday night, his pocks were robbed by CHARLES [illegible], who entered the apartment and rifled his pocket of his dum or bank. The theft was discovered [illegible] Officer Fusan, of the 4 twenty-seventh [illegible] the prisoner, his person proof of the stolen [illegible] The stolen property, the prisoner confessed the theft, and Justice Hogan committed him to the Tombs for trial.

A Dishonest Servant.—ELIZA STEWART, formerly a domestic in the employ of the family of Mr. ABNER F. WILSON, at Mott-Haven, Westchester County, was arrested by Detective SAYRS, charged with having robbed her employer of a large amount of property. Some months since, Mrs. WILSON suddenly died, and Mr. W. determined to break up housekeeping. His effects were accordingly packed up and placed in the care of the accused, who subsequently removed them to a place where the owner could not find them. ELIZA, when arrested and questioned, admitted that she was guilty, and through the efforts of Officer SAYRS, $1,500 worth of the goods have been recovered.

YACHTING.—The several yacht clubs are making every preparation for the coming season. It is rumored that a large number of exciting races are on the tapis.

New Steamship Docks.—The new steamship docks in Hoboken are completed, and the Hamburg and Bremen line of steamers will in future sail from the new landing.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

Dedication of a New Church.—The new and splendid edifice recently erected in Elm-place, near Fulton-avenue, was dedicated to Divine worship yesterday. It is known as the Elm-place Congregational Church, under the pastoral charge of Rev. Wm. A. BARTLETT. The congregation have for some years past occupied the building known as the Tabernacle, on Fulton-avenue. The services in the morning opened with a voluntary on the organ, and the reading of a portion of the Scriptures. After singing the 851st hymn, the Pastor announced that to-day the pews were free, but that to-morrow (Monday) and Tuesday evenings the choicest seats would be rented to the highest bidder. A collection was then taken up for furnishing the church, when the dedicatory sermon was preached by Rev. Dr. R. D. HITCHCOCK, who took for his text the 22d and 1st clause of the 23d verses, 1st chapter of the Ephesians.—"And hath put all things under his feet and gave Him to be the Head over all things to the Church, which is His body," in which he selected the church as the revelations of God and as the organ and instrument of His will.

The services of dedication were then proceeded with, when, after a prayer by Rev. Dr. WATERBURY, the hymn, commencing

"O God of the Universe, to Thee
This sacred fane we rear,
And now, with songs and bended knee,
Invoke Thy presence here,"

was sung by the choir, after which the congregation was dismissed with a benediction. In the afternoon the sermon was preached by the pastor, and in the evening by Rev. Dr. R. S. STORRS, Jr.

The new building is in the Gothic style of architecture, the front of Belleville brown stone, and the sides and rear of brick, being 75 feet main by 120 feet deep. Over the centre doorway is a large rose window, ten feet in diameter, filled with brilliant colors. On each side are smaller windows of stained glass. The interior arrangements are characterized more by an air of comfort than gaudy ornamentation. There is a gallery over the front entrance, opposite the pulpit, but none on the sides, and there being no posts or pillars there is an unobstructed view from any point of the interior. The pulpit is of richly carved black walnut, over which is situated a large and powerful organ, built by Mr. REUBEN MIDMER, of this city. The arrangements for lighting and ventilation are of the most modern and approved character, nothing in fact having been left undone to make it, in all respects, one of the finest churches in Brooklyn.

Brooklyn City Mortality.—The total number of deaths in this city last week, was 118, of which 58 were men, 26 women, 26 boys, and 28 girls. The principal diseases were consumption and convulsions, 14 each; inflammation of the lungs, 9; marasmus, 8; congestion of brain, 6; bronchitis, scarlet fever, inflammation of bowels, and disorganization of the lungs, 4 each; disease of heart, 3; cancer, measles and rubeola, 2 each; erysipelas, chronic inflammation of groin, 2 each; bilious, puerperal fever and jaundice, 1 each, &c. Under 1 year of age, 32; natives of United States, 67; Ireland, 19; England 1; Germany, 4; unknown, 1.

The Brooklyn Justices of the Peace.—The Justices of the Peace elected in November last assume their positions to-day, and will hold office for four years. The new officials are BENJAMIN S. MONTAGUE, of the Third District; ABRAHAM H. DAILEY, of the Fourth District, and ANTHONY WALTER, of the Fifth District. These holding over are Justices Graham A. Boerum, (Fulton,) WILLIAM M. FORBES and John Q. Adams.

Robbery.—The house of Mr. Wm. FURZE, No. [illegible] Myrtle-avenue, was unceremoniously entered by burglars, on Saturday afternoon, and robbed of two silk dresses, worth $70, breastpins, sleeve buttons, &c., to all valued at $65, with which the thief escaped undetected.

EAST-RIVER NEWS.

Williamsburgh.

Discharge of Gamblers.—On Sunday morning, about 5 o'clock, Capt. WILSON and Sergeant MANGE, of the 4th precinct of police, made a descent upon "The Arbor," in Fourth-street, Brooklyn, E. D., where a party of gamblers, numbering 18, were arrested. [illegible] with the stolen property, brought to the station-house. The men all gave bonds in sums, but none of them [illegible] will appear to the police. They will be brought before Judge DAILEY this morning. These and other [illegible] Gang. Wilson and his men.

A New Justice.—The public have of the Justices of Brooklyn, E. D., closed on Saturday. Judge DAILEY vacates the bench of the Fourth District Court, the duties of which will be shortly assumed by ABRAM H. DAILEY, Esq., who was reelected last Fall.

Suicide.—The wife of Mr. [illegible] Williamsburgh, committed suicide by hanging herself in the cellar of her residence, on Saturday morning. The act was prompted by a temporary aberration of mind.

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